



# **ChatGPT and Conversational AI** with Reinforcement Learning from Human Feedback (RLHF)

Time: 2023/02/17 (Fri) 17:50-19:30 Place: R5117, Soochow University, Taiwan Host: Prof. Shih-Wei Liao, NTU and Inclusion Technology, NSTC, Taiwan



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aws academy
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Publications Chair, The IEEE International Conference on Information Reuse and Integration for Data Science (IEEE IRI 2007-)









# Outline

- ChatGPT and Conversational AI
  - Generative Pre-trained Transformer (GPT)
  - Large Language Model (LLM)
- Reinforcement Learning from Human Feedback (RLHF)
- Generative Al
- Al for Social Good (AI4SG)

## **OpenAl ChatGPT**

API RESEARCH BLOG ABOUT

## ChatGPT: Optimizing Language Models for Dialogue

We've trained a model called ChatGPT which interacts in a conversational way. The dialogue format makes it possible for ChatGPT to answer followup questions, admit its mistakes, challenge incorrect premises, and reject inappropriate requests. ChatGPT is a sibling model to <u>InstructGPT</u>, which is trained to follow an instruction in a prompt and provide a detailed response.



#### Source: <a href="https://openai.com/blog/chatgpt/">https://openai.com/blog/chatgpt/</a>

# **Conversational AI**

## to deliver contextual and personal experience to users



Source: Huynh-The, Thien, Quoc-Viet Pham, Xuan-Qui Pham, Thanh Thi Nguyen, Zhu Han, and Dong-Seong Kim (2022). "Artificial Intelligence for the Metaverse: A Survey." arXiv preprint arXiv:2202.10336.

## **OpenAl ChatGPT**

## ChatGPT

#### This is a free research preview.



Our goal is to get external feedback in order to improve our systems and make them safer.



While we have safeguards in place, the system may occasionally generate incorrect or misleading information and produce offensive or biased content. It is not intended to give advice.

Source: <a href="https://chat.openai.com/chat">https://chat.openai.com/chat</a>

## **OpenAl ChatGPT**

## ChatGPT

#### How we collect data



Conversations may be reviewed by our AI trainers to improve our systems.



Please don't share any sensitive information in your conversations.

Source: <a href="https://chat.openai.com/chat">https://chat.openai.com/chat</a>

## OpenAl ChatGPT ChatGPT

-;•;-	4	$\bigtriangleup$
Examples	Capabilities	Limitations
"Explain quantum computing in simple terms" →	Remembers what user said earlier in the conversation	May occasionally generate incorrect information
"Got any creative ideas for a 10 year old's birthday?" →	Allows user to provide follow- up corrections	May occasionally produce harmful instructions or biased content
"How do I make an HTTP request in Javascript?" →	Trained to decline inappropriate requests	Limited knowledge of world and events after 2021

Free Research Preview: ChatGPT is optimized for dialogue. Our goal is to make AI systems more natural to interact with, and your feedback will help us improve our systems and make them safer.

#### Source: <a href="https://chat.openai.com/chat">https://chat.openai.com/chat</a>

>>

## **OpenAl ChatGPT**

What is the future of AI?

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- It is difficult to predict the exact future of AI, but many experts believe that it will continue d to play an increasingly important role in our lives. Some potential future developments in the field of AI include:
  - Improved natural language processing, allowing AI systems to better understand and respond to human speech and writing.
  - Enhanced ability to learn and adapt, allowing AI systems to become more autonomous and capable of handling a wider range of tasks.
  - Greater integration with the internet of things (IoT), allowing AI systems to control and interact with a wide range of connected devices in the home and workplace.
  - Continued advances in machine learning, allowing AI systems to make more accurate predictions and decisions based on data.
  - Increased use of AI in healthcare, transportation, and other industries, leading to more efficient and effective processes and services.
  - Continued development of ethical and regulatory frameworks to ensure that AI is developed and used responsibly.

Ultimately, the future of AI will depend on how it is developed and used by individuals, organizations, and society as a whole.

#### Source: https://chat.openai.com/chat

## **The Transformers Timeline**





## Language Models Sizes (GPT-3, PaLM, BLOOM)



## **ChatGPT: Optimizing Language Models for Dialogue**

#### Step 1

Collect demonstration data and train a supervised policy.

A prompt is sampled from our prompt dataset.

A labeler demonstrates the desired output behavior.

This data is used to fine-tune GPT-3.5 with supervised learning.







Step 2

Collect comparison data and train a reward model.



A labeler ranks the outputs from best to worst.

This data is used

to train our

reward model.



0

Explain reinforcement

learning to a 6 year old.

B

Explain rewords.

O

A

In reinforcement

learning, the

agent is...

C



Step 3

Optimize a policy against the reward model using the PPO reinforcement learning algorithm.



Source: <a href="https://openai.com/blog/chatgpt/">https://openai.com/blog/chatgpt/</a>

## **Training language models to follow instructions with human feedback** InstructGPT and GPT 3.5

#### Step 1

Collect demonstration data, and train a supervised policy.



BBB

Step 2

Collect comparison data, and train a reward model.

A prompt and several model outputs are sampled.

A Explain gravity. C

A labeler ranks the outputs from best to worst.

This data is used to train our reward model.

#### $\odot$ Explain the moon landing to a 6 year old B Explain war... O Moon is natura People went to satellite of ... the moon

D > C > A = B



Step 3

Optimize a policy against the reward model using reinforcement learning.



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# Reinforcement Learning from Human Feedback (RLHF)

- **1. Pretraining a Language Model (LM)**
- 2. Gathering Data and Training a Reward Model
- **3. Fine-tuning the LM with Reinforcement Learning**



## Reinforcement Learning from Human Feedback (RLHF)

Step 2. Gathering Data and Training a Reward Model

#### Prompts Dataset



Reinforcement Learning from Human Feedback (RLHF)

Step 3. Fine-tuning the LM with Reinforcement Learning



## 4 Approaches of Al



Al Acting Humanly: The Turing Test Approach (Alan Turing, 1950)

- Knowledge Representation
- Automated Reasoning
- Machine Learning (ML)
  - Deep Learning (DL)
- Computer Vision (Image, Video)
- Natural Language Processing (NLP)
- Robotics

# **Can machines think?**

- Alan Turing rejected the question "Can machines think?" and replaced it with a behavioral test.
  - Alan Turing anticipated many objections to the possibility of thinking machines.
- Concentrate on their systems' performance on practical tasks
  - rather than the ability to imitate humans.
- Consciousness remains a mystery.

# Gen Al

#### **BASE10 TREND MAP: GENERATIVE AI**

Companies are grouped based on medium produced and segmented by use case within each medium. Companies that offer products across segments are grouped in the segment of the core product offering.



Base<sup>10</sup>





## DALL·E 2

Create original, realistic images and art from a text description. It can combine concepts, attributes, and styles.

TEXT DESCRIPTION

An astronaut Teddy bears A bowl of soup

riding a horse lounging in a tropical resort in space playing basketball with cats in space

in a photorealistic style in the style of Andy Warhol as a pencil drawing

DALL-E 2





https://openai.com/dall-e-2/

## **Stable Diffusion**



#### Stable Diffusion Demo

Stable Diffusion is a state of the art text-to-image model that generates images from text. For faster generation and forthcoming API access you can try <u>DreamStudio Beta</u>



https://huggingface.co/spaces/stabilityai/stable-diffusion

## **Stable Diffusion Colab**

G woctezuma / stable-diffusion-cola	Public		⚠ Notifications 양 Fork 7 ☆ Star 31 -				
<> Code     Issues In Pull requests	Actions 🖽 Projects 🖽 Wiki 🕛 Sec	curity 🗠 Insights					
ਿੰ main → ਿੱ 1 branch ा ⊙ 0 tags		Go to file Code -	About Colab notebook to run Stable Diffusion.				
woctezuma README: add a reference	of or sampler schedules	37bc02d 24 days ago 🕚 18 commits					
	Initial commit	27 days ago	deep-learning colab image-generation				
README.md	README: add a reference for sampler schedul	es 24 days ago	text-to-image diffusion text2image				
stable_diffusion.ipynb	Allow to choose the scheduler	25 days ago	colaboratory google-colab colab-notebook google-colaboratory				
i≣ README.md	E README.md						
Stable-Diffusion-0	Stable-Diffusion-Colab						
The goal of this repository is to prov	The goal of this repository is to provide a Colab notebook to run the text-to-image "Stable Diffusion" model [1].						
			<ul> <li>☐ Readme</li> <li>▲ MIT license</li> </ul>				
• Run stable_diffusion.ipynb.	Open in Colab		<ul><li>☆ 31 stars</li><li>⊙ 2 watching</li></ul>				

https://github.com/woctezuma/stable-diffusion-colab

## Lexica Art: Search Stable Diffusion images and prompts



https://lexica.art/

**AnyFace: Free-style Text-to-Face Synthesis and Manipulation** 

Jianxin Sun<sup>1,2</sup>\*, Qiyao Deng<sup>1,2</sup>\*, Qi Li<sup>1,2</sup> \*, Muyi Sun<sup>1</sup>, Min Ren<sup>1,2</sup>, Zhenan Sun<sup>1,2</sup> <sup>1</sup> Center for Research on Intelligent Perception and Computing, NLPR, CASIA <sup>2</sup> School of Artificial Intelligence, University of Chinese Academy of Sciences (UCAS) {jianxin.sun, dengqiyao, muyi.sun, min.ren}@cripac.ia.ac.cn, {qli, znsun}@nlpr.ia.ac.cn



(1) This is a <u>young man</u> with a <u>melon seed</u> face.
 (2) He has <u>wheat skin</u>, <u>big eyes</u> and slightly <u>bushy eyebrows</u>.
 (3) He has <u>medium-length black hair</u>.
 (4) The man is <u>smiling</u> with his <u>mouth slightly open</u>.
 (5) He wears <u>black-rimmed glasses</u> and no beard

Source



(a) One caption vs Multi-caption

She graduated with a PhD.

He looks very knowledgeable.





(b) Open-world text descriptions



(c) Face manipulation

Figure 1. Our AnyFace framework can be used for real-life applications. (a) Face image synthesis with optical captions. The top left is the source face. (b) Open-world face synthesis with out-of-dataset descriptions. (c) Text-guided face manipulation with continuous control. Given source images, AnyFace can manipulate faces with continuous changes. The arrow indicates the increasing relevance to the text.

Source: Sun, Jianxin, Qiyao Deng, Qi Li, Muyi Sun, Min Ren, and Zhenan Sun. (2022)



Methods	AttnGAN [31]	DFGAN [25]	RiFeGAN [1]	SEA-T2F [24]	CIGAN [28]	TediGAN-B [30]	AnyFace
Single Model	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	-	$\checkmark$
One Generator	-	$\checkmark$	-	-	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$
Multi-caption	-	-	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	-	-	$\checkmark$
High Resolution	-	-	-	-	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$
Manipulation	-	-	-	-	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$
Open-world	-	-	-	-	-	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$

Source: Sun, Jianxin, Qiyao Deng, Qi Li, Muyi Sun, Min Ren, and Zhenan Sun. (2022)



Source: Sun, Jianxin, Qiyao Deng, Qi Li, Muyi Sun, Min Ren, and Zhenan Sun. (2022)

The person wears lipstick. She has blond hair, and pale skin. She is attractive.

The woman has wavy hair, black hair, and arched eyebrows. She is young. She is wearing heavy makeup.

She is wearing lipstick. She has high cheekbones, wavy hair, bushy eyebrows, and oval face. She is attractive.

He has mouth slightly open, wavy hair, bushy eyebrows, and oval face. He is attractive, and young. He has no beard.



AttnGAN

SEA-T2F

TediGAN-B

Ours w/o  $L_{DT}$  Ours w/o  $L_{CMT}$ Ours

Source: Sun, Jianxin, Qiyao Deng, Qi Li, Muyi Sun, Min Ren, and Zhenan Sun. (2022)



Source: Sun, Jianxin, Qiyao Deng, Qi Li, Muyi Sun, Min Ren, and Zhenan Sun. (2022)

Text-guided Face Manipulation The girl with brown hair and earrings is smiling.

![](_page_34_Picture_3.jpeg)

He is a middle-aged man with black hair and beard.

![](_page_34_Picture_5.jpeg)

She has straight yellow hair

![](_page_34_Picture_7.jpeg)

Source

Source: Sun, Jianxin, Qiyao Deng, Qi Li, Muyi Sun, Min Ren, and Zhenan Sun. (2022)

# NLG from a Multilingual, Multimodal and Multi-task perspective

Multi<sup>3</sup>(Natural Language) Generation

![](_page_35_Figure_2.jpeg)

Source: Erdem, Erkut, Menekse Kuyu, Semih Yagcioglu, Anette Frank, Letitia Parcalabescu, Barbara Plank, Andrii Babii et al.

"Neural Natural Language Generation: A Survey on Multilinguality, Multimodality, Controllability and Learning." Journal of Artificial Intelligence Research 73 (2022): 1131-1207.

# Text-and-Video Dialog Generation Models with Hierarchical Attention

![](_page_36_Figure_1.jpeg)

Source: Erdem, Erkut, Menekse Kuyu, Semih Yagcioglu, Anette Frank, Letitia Parcalabescu, Barbara Plank, Andrii Babii et al.

"Neural Natural Language Generation: A Survey on Multilinguality, Multimodality, Controllability and Learning." Journal of Artificial Intelligence Research 73 (2022): 1131-1207.

# Multimodal Few-Shot Learning with Frozen Language Models

![](_page_37_Picture_1.jpeg)

Curated samples with about five seeds required to get past well-known language model failure modes of either repeating text for the prompt or emitting text that does not pertain to the image. These samples demonstrate the ability to generate open-ended outputs that adapt to both images and text, and to make use of facts that it has learned during language-only pre-training.

> Source: Maria Tsimpoukelli, Jacob L. Menick, Serkan Cabi, S. M. Eslami, Oriol Vinyals, and Felix Hill (2021). "Multimodal few-shot learning with frozen language models." Advances in Neural Information Processing Systems 34 (2021): 200-212.

# **Multimodal Pipeline**

## that includes three different modalities (Image, Text. Audio)

![](_page_38_Figure_2.jpeg)

Source: Bayoudh, Khaled, Raja Knani, Fayçal Hamdaoui, and Abdellatif Mtibaa (2022).

# **Video and Audio Multimodal Fusion**

![](_page_39_Figure_1.jpeg)

Source: Bayoudh, Khaled, Raja Knani, Fayçal Hamdaoui, and Abdellatif Mtibaa (2022). "A survey on deep multimodal learning for computer vision: advances, trends, applications, and datasets." The Visual Computer 38, no. 8: 2939-2970.

# **Visual and Textual Representation**

#### Image

![](_page_40_Picture_2.jpeg)

#### Visual representations (Dense)

![](_page_40_Figure_4.jpeg)

#### Text

This is the oldest and most important defensive work to have been built along the North African coastline by the Arab conquerors in the early days of Islam. Founded in 796, this building underwent several modifications during the medieval period. Initially, it formed a quadrilateral and then was composed of four buildings giving onto two inner courtyards.

#### Textual representations (Sparse)

 -	_	

Source: Bayoudh, Khaled, Raja Knani, Fayçal Hamdaoui, and Abdellatif Mtibaa (2022).

## **Hybrid Multimodal Data Fusion**

![](_page_41_Figure_1.jpeg)

Source: Bayoudh, Khaled, Raja Knani, Fayçal Hamdaoui, and Abdellatif Mtibaa (2022).

## **Multimodal Transfer Learning**

Domain 1 / Modality 1

![](_page_42_Figure_2.jpeg)

Source: Bayoudh, Khaled, Raja Knani, Fayçal Hamdaoui, and Abdellatif Mtibaa (2022).

# CLIP: Learning Transferable Visual Models From Natural Language Supervision

![](_page_43_Figure_1.jpeg)

Source: Radford, Alec, Jong Wook Kim, Chris Hallacy, Aditya Ramesh, Gabriel Goh, Sandhini Agarwal, Girish Sastry et al. (2021) "Learning transferable visual models from natural language supervision." In International Conference on Machine Learning, pp. 8748-8763. PMLR.

# ViLT: Vision-and-Language Transformer Without Convolution or Region Supervision

![](_page_44_Figure_1.jpeg)

Source: Kim, Wonjae, Bokyung Son, and Ildoo Kim (2021). "Vilt: Vision-and-language transformer without convolution or region supervision." In International Conference on Machine Learning, pp. 5583-5594. PMLR.

## wav2vec 2.0:

## A framework for self-supervised learning of speech representations

![](_page_45_Figure_2.jpeg)

Source: Baevski, Alexei, Yuhao Zhou, Abdelrahman Mohamed, and Michael Auli.

"wav2vec 2.0: A framework for self-supervised learning of speech representations." Advances in Neural Information Processing Systems 33 (2020): 12449-12460.

## Whisper:

### **Robust Speech Recognition via Large-Scale Weak Supervision**

![](_page_46_Figure_2.jpeg)

Source: Radford, Alec, Jong Wook Kim, Tao Xu, Greg Brockman, Christine McLeavey, and Ilya Sutskever. Robust speech recognition via large-scale weak supervision. Tech. Rep., Technical report, OpenAI, 2022.

# Microsoft Azure Text to Speech (TTS)

#### Text SSML

You can replace this text with any text you wish. You can either write in this text box or paste your own text here.

Try different languages and voices. Change the speed and the pitch of the voice. You can even tweak the SSML (Speech Synthesis Markup Language) to control how the different sections of the text sound. Click on SSML above to give it a try!

Enjoy using Text to Speech!

#### Language

English (United States)

#### Voice

Jenny (Neural)

Speaking style

General

Speaking speed: 1.00

Pitch: 0.00

Play

Source: <u>https://azure.microsoft.com/en-gb/products/cognitive-services/text-to-speech/</u>

# **Hugging Face**

😣 Hugging Face

Q Search models, datas

Models = Datasets

ets 🛛 🖹 Spaces

Docs Solutions

Pricing ~≡

Log In Sign Up

![](_page_48_Picture_8.jpeg)

# The AI community building the future.

Build, train and deploy state of the art models powered by the reference open source in machine learning.

![](_page_48_Picture_11.jpeg)

## BLOOM

### **BigScience Large Open-science Open-access Multilingual Language Model**

![](_page_49_Picture_2.jpeg)

BigScience Large Open-science Open-access Multilingual Language Model

Version 1.3 / 6 July 2022

Current Checkpoint: Training Iteration 95000

Total seen tokens: 366B

4 Hostod int			_~	~
FIOSLED IIII For the second	on	)		
	Groups	~	Examples	$\sim$
through a sir when <u>I</u>	milar process a	couple	of years ago	ent
through a sin when <u>I</u>	milar process a	couple	of years ago	•
through a sin when <u>I</u> sampling	o greedy	couple	<ol> <li>BLOOM promp</li> </ol>	erit oting t
through a sin when I sampling Switch to "gro math/history, repetitive/les	<ul> <li>greedy</li> <li>eedy" for more /translations (b s inventive)</li> </ul>	couple of accurate out which	<ol> <li>BLOOM prompter completion in may be</li> </ol>	oting t

Source: <a href="https://huggingface.co/bigscience/bloom">https://huggingface.co/bigscience/bloom</a>

# **OpenAl Whisper**

![](_page_50_Picture_1.jpeg)

### " Whisper

Whisper is a general-purpose speech recognition model. It is trained on a large dataset of diverse audio and is also a multi-task model that can perform multilingual speech recognition as well as speech translation and language identification. This demo cuts audio after around 30 secs.

You can skip the queue by using google colab for the space:

![](_page_50_Picture_5.jpeg)

![](_page_50_Picture_6.jpeg)

#### Source: <a href="https://huggingface.co/spaces/openai/whisper">https://huggingface.co/spaces/openai/whisper</a>

## **Computer vision in the metaverse**

#### with scene understanding, object detection, and human action/activity recognition

![](_page_51_Picture_2.jpeg)

Source: Huynh-The, Thien, Quoc-Viet Pham, Xuan-Qui Pham, Thanh Thi Nguyen, Zhu Han, and Dong-Seong Kim (2022). "Artificial Intelligence for the Metaverse: A Survey." arXiv preprint arXiv:2202.10336.

# **Al for** Social Good (AI4SG)

Source: Nenad Tomašev, Julien Cornebise, Frank Hutter, Shakir Mohamed, Angela Picciariello, Bec Connelly, Danielle Belgrave et al. (2020) "AI for social good: unlocking the opportunity for positive impact." Nature Communications 11, no. 1: 1-6.

## **Key Enabling Technologies of the Metaverse**

![](_page_53_Figure_1.jpeg)

Source: Gadekallu, Thippa Reddy, Thien Huynh-The, Weizheng Wang, Gokul Yenduri, Pasika Ranaweera, Quoc-Viet Pham, Daniel Benevides da Costa, and Madhusanka Liyanage (2022). "Blockchain for the Metaverse: A Review." arXiv preprint arXiv:2203.09738..

## **Primary Technical Aspects in the Metaverse** Al with ML algorithms and DL architectures is advancing the user experience in the virtual world

![](_page_54_Figure_1.jpeg)

Source: Huynh-The, Thien, Quoc-Viet Pham, Xuan-Qui Pham, Thanh Thi Nguyen, Zhu Han, and Dong-Seong Kim (2022). "Artificial Intelligence for the Metaverse: A Survey." arXiv preprint arXiv:2202.10336.

## Al for the Metaverse in the Application Aspects

### healthcare, manufacturing, smart cities, gaming E-commerce, human resources, real estate, and DeFi

![](_page_55_Figure_2.jpeg)

Source: Huynh-The, Thien, Quoc-Viet Pham, Xuan-Qui Pham, Thanh Thi Nguyen, Zhu Han, and Dong-Seong Kim (2022). "Artificial Intelligence for the Metaverse: A Survey." arXiv preprint arXiv:2202.10336.

## Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs)

![](_page_56_Figure_1.jpeg)

## Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs) and 5P

![](_page_57_Figure_1.jpeg)

## ESG to 17 SDGs

![](_page_58_Figure_1.jpeg)

# ESG to 17 SDGs

Environment Social Governance

1: End Poverty 2: Zero Hunger 3: Good Health and Well-Being 4: Quality Education 5: Gender Equality 6: Clean Water and Sanitation 7: Affordable and Clean Energy 8: Decent Work and Economic Growth Industry, Innovation, and Infrastructure 10: Reduced Inequalities 11: Sustainable Cities and Communities 12: Responsible Consumption and Production 13: Climate Action 14: Life Below Water 15: Life on Land 16: Peace, Justice, and Strong Institutions 17: Partnerships for the Goals

![](_page_59_Picture_3.jpeg)

Source: <u>https://sustainometric.com/esg-to-sdgs-connected-paths-to-a-sustainable-future/</u>

AI for Social Good (AI4SG) AI for Sustainable Development AI4SG 10 Guidelines

- AI Technology (G1, G2, G3)
- Applications (G4, G5, G6, G7, G8)
- Data Handling (G9, G10)

# AI4SG 10 Guidelines AI Technology (G1, G2, G3)

- G1: Expectations of what is possible with AI need to be wellgrounded.
- G2: There is value in simple solutions.
- G3: Applications of AI need to be inclusive and accessible, and reviewed at every stage for ethics and human rights compliance.

# AI4SG 10 Guidelines Applications (G4, G5, G6, G7, G8)

- G4: Goals and use cases should be clear and well-defined.
- G5: Deep, long-term partnerships are required to solve large problems successfully.
- G6: Planning needs to align incentives, and factor in the limitations of both communities.
- G7: Establishing and maintaining trust is key to overcoming organisational barriers.
- G8: Options for reducing the development cost of AI solutions should be explored.

# AI4SG 10 Guidelines Data Handling (G9, G10)

- G9: Improving data readiness is key.
- G10: Data must be processed securely, with utmost respect for human rights and privacy.

## Al for Social Good (Al4SG) Domains and Techniques

	Cognitive modeling	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	
	Constraint satisfaction and optimization	2	5	31	48	20	26	9	59	173	
	Cognitive systems	1	2	2	7	2	3	1	5	20	150
	Computer vision	3	8	12	20	6	12	7	19	79	
(	ame playing and interactive entertainment	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	2	
	Game theory and economic paradigms	3	5	30	6	11	31	1	16	78	120
12/20	Human-AI collaboration	1	8	11	23	9	6	6	17	69	
anb	Human computation and crowd sourcing	1	5	6	20	45	12	11	15	98	
inic	Heuristic search and optimization	1	3	11	14	8	8	6	26	69	90
[ec]	Knowledge representation and reasoning	0	0	0	5	3	2	0	1	11	
-	Multiagent systems	2	7	47	19	16	22	8	31	122	
	Machine learning	12	27	65	174	53	65	36	92	460	60
	Natural language processing	4	12	6	18	10	10	5	3	58	
	Planning, routing, and scheduling	9	4	48	43	14	28	31	84	210	
	Robotics	3	4	12	10	4	5	4	10	47	30
	Reasoning under uncertainty	4	3	30	23	8	6	6	13	78	
	Total	40	78	225	344	155	177	90	253	1176	
	Agricult	ental s	tion ustainabi	Healthr mation P	anipulation of the second seco	ublic sa	fets an plant Tri	ing insporta	tion T	otal	U
					I	)omaiı	1				

## NLP for Social Good (NLP4SG)

![](_page_65_Figure_1.jpeg)

Source: Fernando Gonzalez, Zhijing Jin, Jad Beydoun, Bernhard Schölkopf, Tom Hope, Rada Mihalcea, and Mrinmaya Sachan (2022). "How Is NLP Addressing the 17 UN Sustainability Goals? A Challenge Set of Social Good Paper Classification and Information Extraction."

## NLP for Social Good (NLP4SG) Visualization

....

#### Good Health and Well-Being

- Quality Education
- Gender Equality
- **Clean Water and Sanitation**
- Affordable and Clean Energy
- Decent Work and Economic Growth
- Industry, Innovation and Infrastrucure

**Reduced Inequalities** 

Sustainable Cities and Communities Responsible Consumption and Production

- ....
- Life on Land
- Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions
- Partnership for the Goals

- classification
- coreference resolution
- covid 19
- event extraction
- fact checking
- fake news detection
- hate speech
- hope speech detection
- inference
- information retrieval
- machine translation

#### named entity recognition

- natural language generation
- nlp applications
- parsing
- part of speech
- question answering
- relation extraction
  - rumor detection
  - sentiment analysis
- stance detection
- text summarization
- toxic spans detection

#### annotati... attention -

automatic speech recognition models

#### bert

- classifiers -
- conditional random field -
- convolutional neural network
  - deep neural network
    - domain adaption
  - ensemble methods -
  - fact checking models
    - hybrid approach -
    - language models -
  - language technology -
    - Istm -
- machine learning methods
  - ner models -
  - nip models -
  - part of speech models
- recurrent neural networks
  - roberta -
  - topic models -
  - transfer learning
    - transformers
  - word embeddings -

Other methods

Source: Fernando Gonzalez, Zhijing Jin, Jad Beydoun, Bernhard Schölkopf, Tom Hope, Rada Mihalcea, and Mrinmaya Sachan (2022). "How Is NLP Addressing the 17 UN Sustainability Goals? A Challenge Set of Social Good Paper Classification and Information Extraction."

# Summary

- ChatGPT and Conversational AI
  - Generative Pre-trained Transformer (GPT)
  - Large Language Model (LLM)
- Reinforcement Learning from Human Feedback (RLHF)
- Generative Al
- Al for Social Good (AI4SG)

# **Acknowledgments: Research Projects**

- 1. Applying AI technology to construct knowledge graphs of cryptocurrency anti-money laundering: a few-shot learning model
  - MOST, 110-2410-H-305-013-MY2, 2021/08/01~2023/07/31
- 2. Fintech Green Finance for Carbon Market Index, Corporate Finance, and Environmental Policies. Carbon Emission Sentiment Index with AI Text Analytics
  - NTPU, 112-NTPU\_ORDA-F-003 , 2023/01/01~2024/12/31
- 3. Research on speech processing, synthesis, recognition, and sentence construction of people with language disabilities. Multimodal Cross-lingual Task-Oriented Dialogue System
  - NTPU, 112-NTPU\_ORDA-F-004, 2023/01/01~2025/12/31
- 4. Use deep learning to identify commercially dental implant systems observational study
  - USTP-NTPU-TMU, USTP-NTPU-TMU-112-01, 2023/01/01~2023/12/31
- 5. Metaverse Avatar Automatic Metadata Generation Module
  - FormosaVerse x NTPU, NTPU-111A413E01, 2022/12/01~2023/11/30
- 6. Establishment and Implement of Smart Assistive Technology for Dementia Care and Its Socio-Economic Impacts. Intelligent, individualized and precise care with smart AT and system integration
  - MOST, 111-2627-M-038-001-, 2022/08/01~2023/07/31

![](_page_69_Picture_0.jpeg)

![](_page_69_Picture_1.jpeg)

![](_page_69_Picture_2.jpeg)

# **ChatGPT and Conversational AI** with Reinforcement Learning from Human Feedback (RLHF)

Time: 2023/02/17 (Fri) 17:50-19:30 Place: R5117, Soochow University, Taiwan Host: Host: Prof. Shih-Wei Liao, NTU and Inclusion Technology, NSTC, Taiwan

![](_page_69_Picture_5.jpeg)

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![](_page_69_Picture_11.jpeg)

![](_page_70_Picture_0.jpeg)

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