



(Sustainability and ESG Data Analytics)

Web 3.0 和大數據分析在金融科技、綠色永續金融 (Web 3.0 and Big Data Analysis in Fintech, Green and Sustainable Finance)

1122ESGDA04 DM4, NTPU (N4084) (Spring 2024) Fri, 10, 11, 12 (18:30-21:15) (臺北大學民生校區 305)





Professor



https://meet.google.com/ miy-fbif-max



https://web.ntpu.edu.tw/~myday

2024-03-22





- 週次(Week) 日期(Date) 內容(Subject/Topics)
- 1 2024/02/23 永續數據分析概論

(Introduction Sustainability and ESG Data Analytics)

2 2024/03/01 環境、社會與治理 (ESG) 淨零數位轉型

(Environmental, Social, and Governance (ESG) in Net-Zero Digital Transformation)

3 2024/03/08 永續與ESG 資料科學

(Data Science for Sustainability and ESG)

4 2024/03/15 永續數據分析個案研究 I

(Case Study on Sustainability and ESG Data Analytics I)

5 2024/03/22 Web 3.0 和大數據分析在金融科技、綠色永續金融

(Web 3.0 and Big Data Analysis in Fintech, Green and Sustainable Finance)





週次 (Week) 日期 (Date) 內容 (Subject/Topics) 6 2024/03/29 TCFD 氣候相關財務揭露與En-ROADS 氣候變遷模擬 (Task Force on Climate-Related Financial Disclosures (TCFD) and En-Roads Interactive)

7 2024/04/05 放假 (No Classes)

8 2024/04/12 期中報告 (Midterm Project Report)

9 2024/04/19 ESG數據的收集、分析和視覺化 (ESG Data Gathering, Analysis, and Visualization) 10 2024/04/26 ESG數據報告 (ESG Data Reporting); 企業永續報告書 (Corporate Sustainability Reports)





週次(Week) 日期(Date) 內容(Subject/Topics) 11 2024/05/03 ESG數據驗證 (ESG Data Verification) 12 2024/05/10 永續數據分析個案研究 || (Case Study on Sustainability and ESG Data Analytics II) 13 2024/05/17 能源之星報告與數據揭露 (Energy Star Reporting and Data Disclosure) 14 2024/05/24 人工智慧物聯網在ESG永續應用 (Artificial Intelligence of things (AIoT) in ESG and Sustainability Applications) 15 2024/05/31 生成式AI於永續評等和報告生成 (Generative AI for ESG Rating and Reporting Generation) 16 2024/06/07 期末報告 (Final Project Report)

Web 3.0 and **Big Data Analysis in** Fintech, Green and **Sustainable Finance**

Outline

- Web 3.0
- Big Data Analysis
- Fintech
- Green and Sustainable Finance

Sustainability and ESG Data Analytics



FinTech ABCD



Block Chain

Cloud Computing

Big Data

Decentralized Finance (DeFi) Block Chain Financial Technology

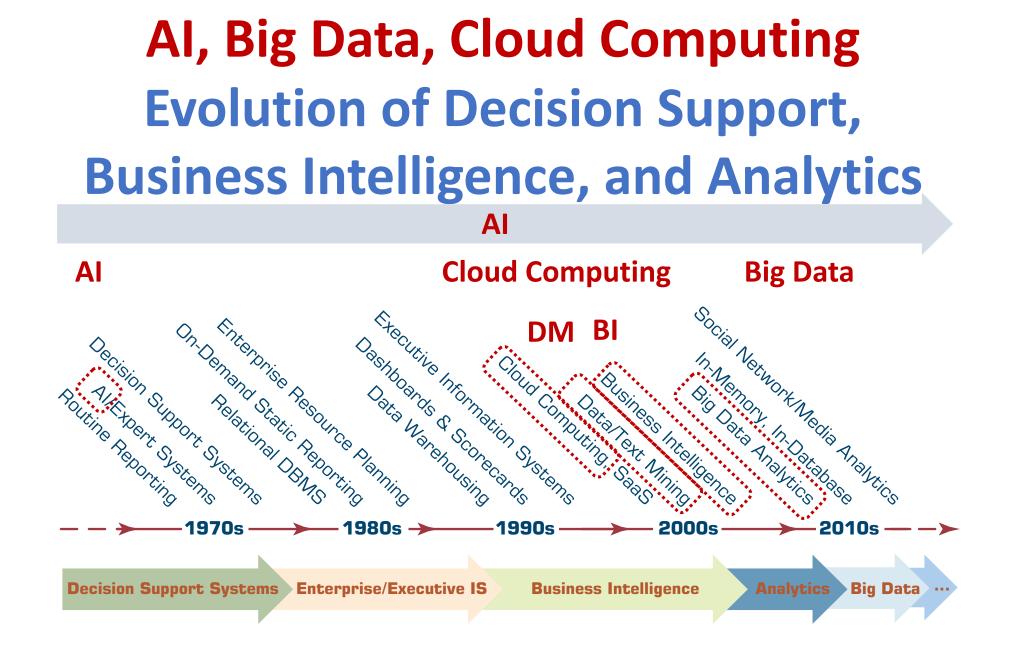
Block Chain & Bitcoin (BTC)

Smart Contract & Ethereum (ETH)

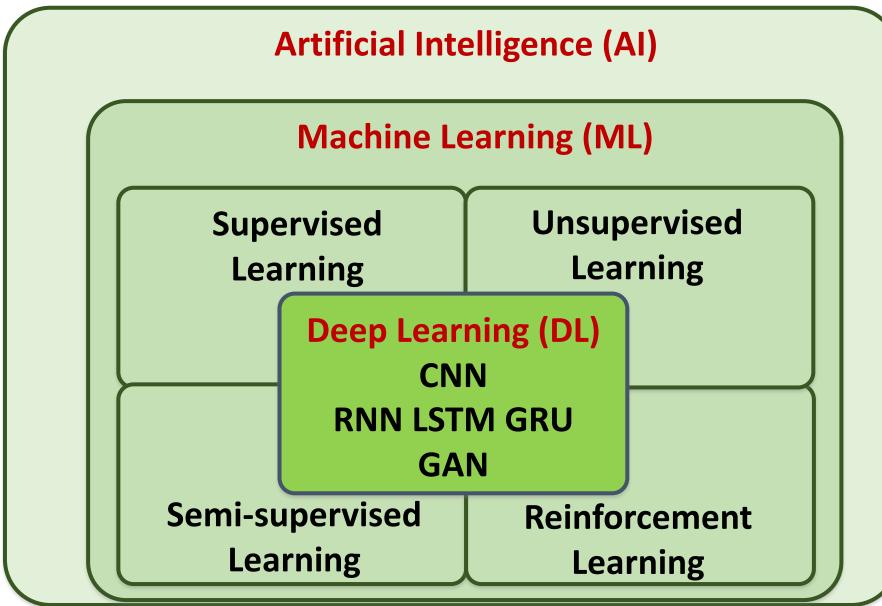
Decentralized Application (DApp)

Artificial Intelligence

(AI)



AI, ML, DL



Source: https://leonardoaraujosantos.gitbooks.io/artificial-inteligence/content/deep_learning.html

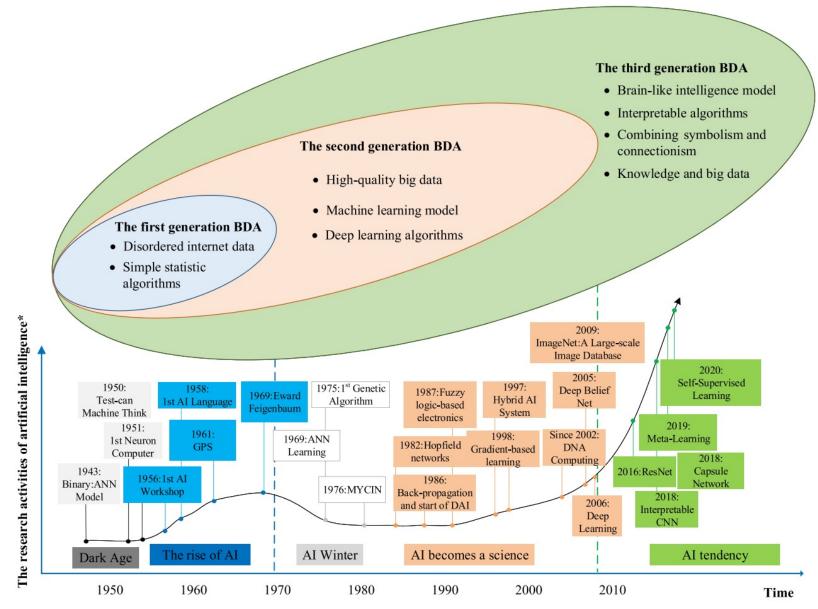
AI, ML, NN, DL

	ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE (AI)	
	MACHINE LEARNING (ML)	
	Input Human feature extraction Automated processing Output	
	ARTIFICIAL NEURAL NETWORK (NN)	
d Learn ied Lear ent Lea		NATURAL LANGUAGE
Supervised Unsupervise Reinforceme	DEEP LEARNING (DL)	PROCESSING (NLP)
	Input Automated feature extraction and processing Output	
		COMPUTER VISION (CV)

Source: Schoormann, T., Strobel, G., Möller, F., Petrik, D., & Zschech, P. (2023).

Artificial Intelligence for Sustainability—A Systematic Review of Information Systems Literature. Communications of the Association for Information Systems, 52(1), 8.

Al and Big Data Analytics (BDA)



Al Acting Humanly: The Turing Test Approach (Alan Turing, 1950)

- Knowledge Representation
- Automated Reasoning
- Machine Learning (ML)
 - Deep Learning (DL)
- Computer Vision (Image, Video)
- Natural Language Processing (NLP)
- Robotics

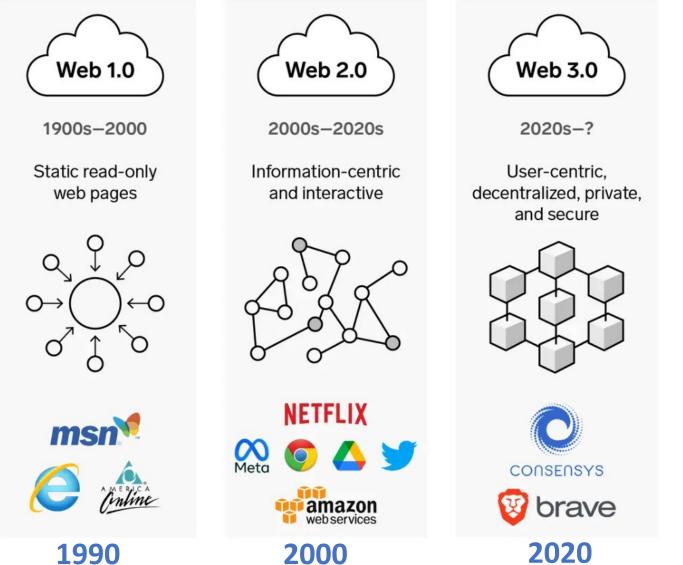
Web 3.0

Web3 Metaverse

DeFi

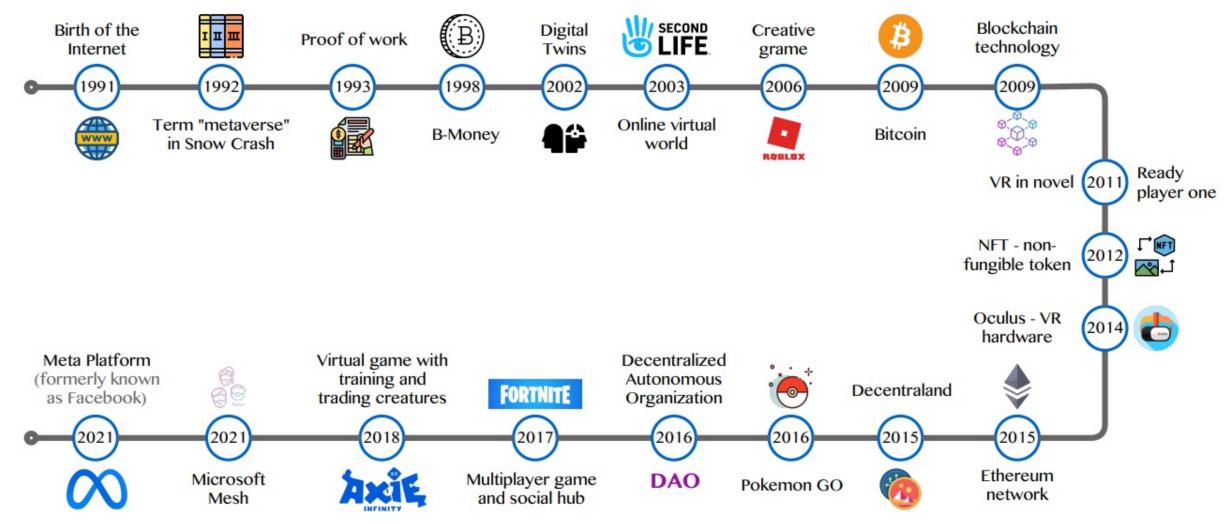
NFT

Web3: Decentralized Web Internet Evolution



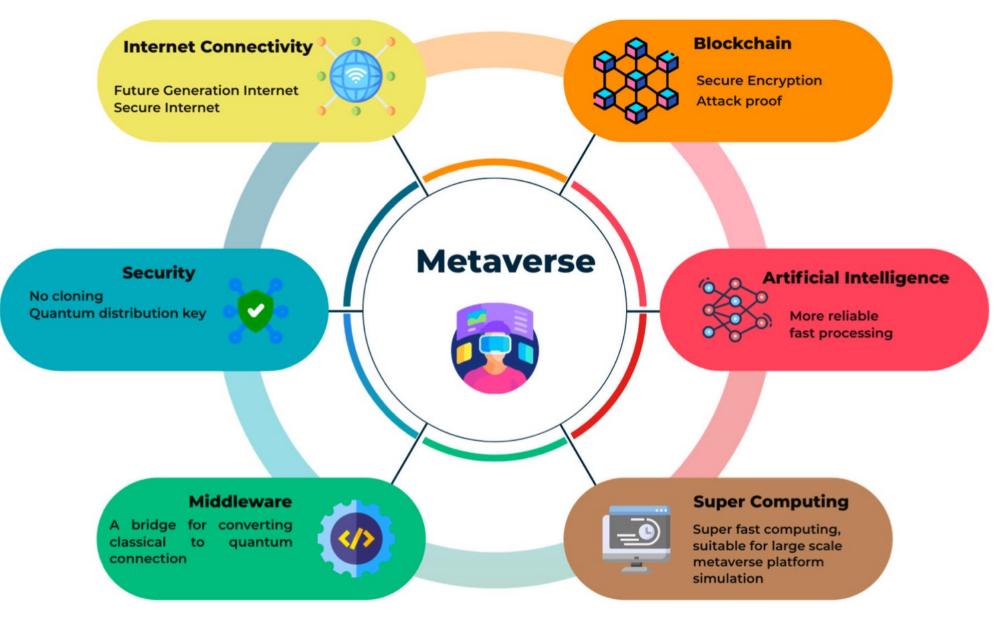
Source: https://www.businessinsider.com/personal-finance/what-is-web3

Metaverse Development from 1991 to 2021



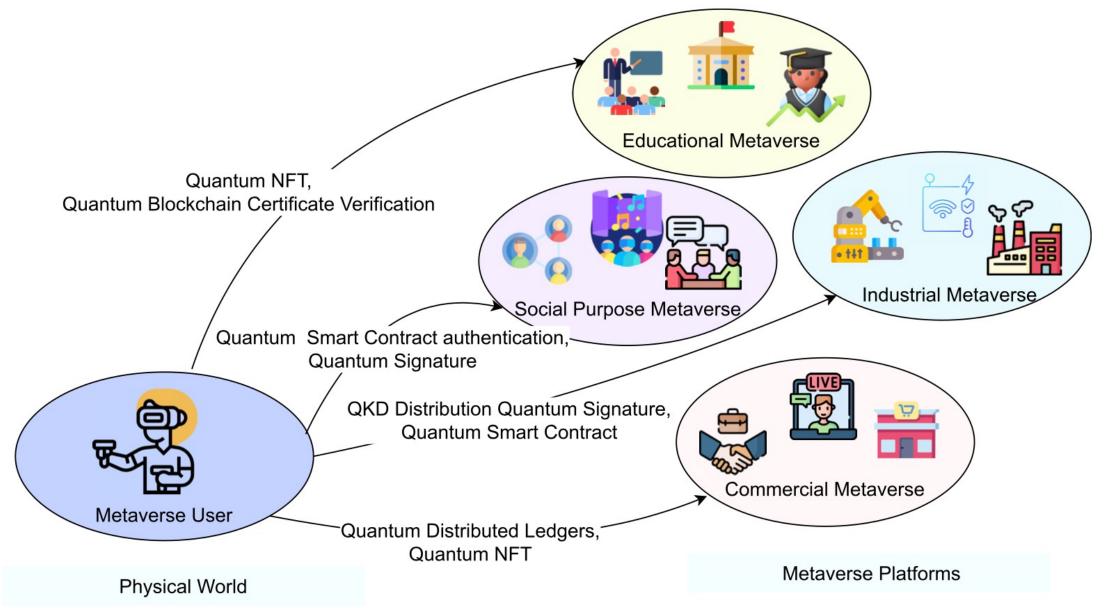
Source: Huynh-The, Thien, Quoc-Viet Pham, Xuan-Qui Pham, Thanh Thi Nguyen, Zhu Han, and Dong-Seong Kim (2022). "Artificial Intelligence for the Metaverse: A Survey." arXiv preprint arXiv:2202.10336.

Quantum Computing in the Metaverse



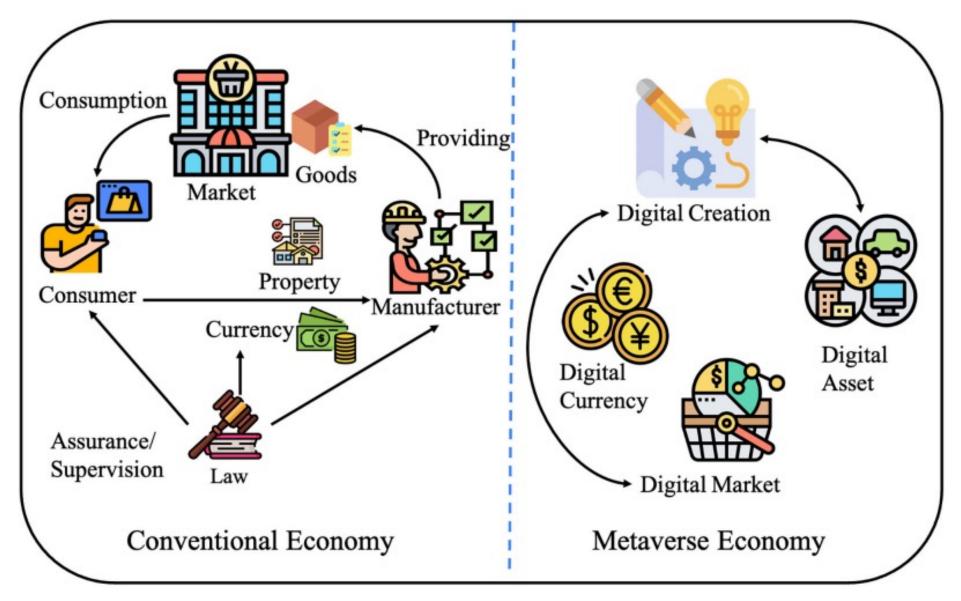
Source: Tuli, Esmot Ara, Jae-Min Lee, and Dong-Seong Kim (2024). "Integration of Quantum Technologies into Metaverse: Applications, Potentials, and Challenges." IEEE Access 12 (2024): 29995-30019.

Quantum Blockchain: Bridging between the real world and metaverse



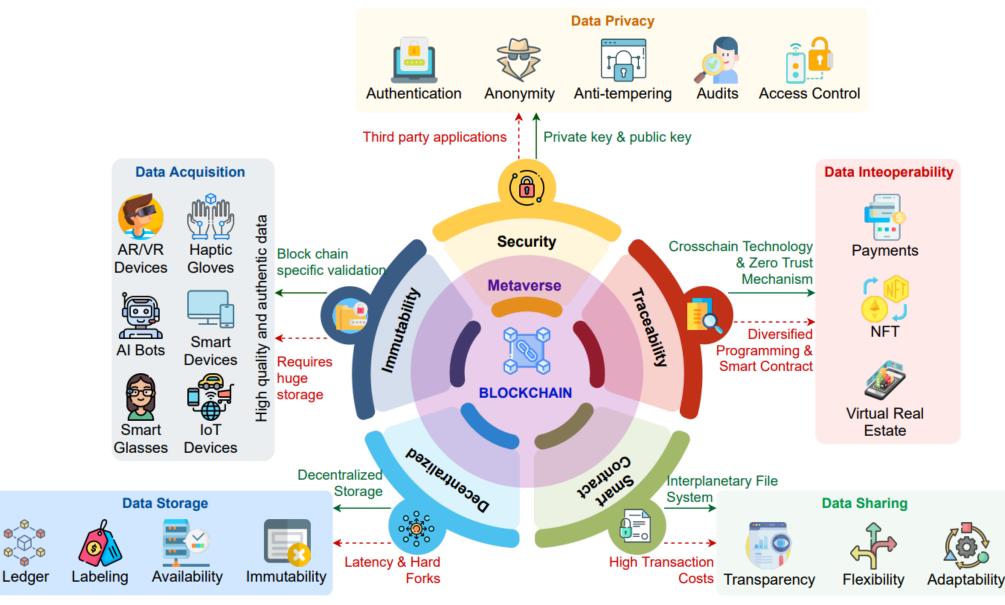
21

Metaverse Economy



Source: Yang, Qinglin, Yetong Zhao, Huawei Huang, Zehui Xiong, Jiawen Kang, and Zibin Zheng (2022). "Fusing blockchain and AI with metaverse: A survey." IEEE Open Journal of the Computer Society 3 : 122-136.

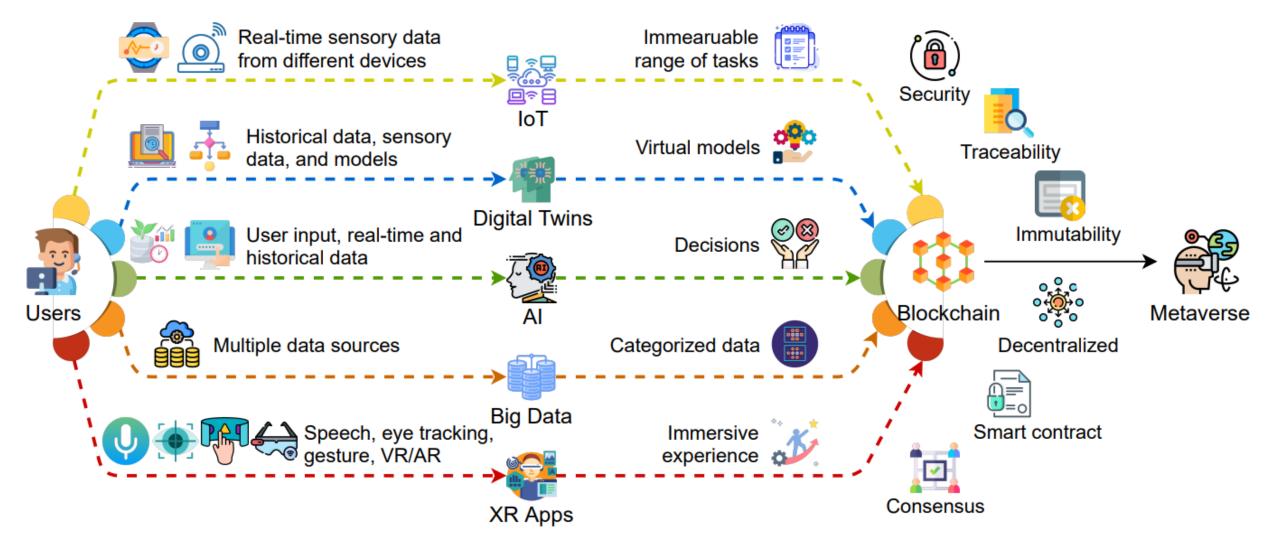
Blockchain in the Metaverse



Source: Gadekallu, Thippa Reddy, Thien Huynh-The, Weizheng Wang, Gokul Yenduri, Pasika Ranaweera, Quoc-Viet Pham, Daniel Benevides da Costa, and Madhusanka Liyanage (2022). "Blockchain for the Metaverse: A Review." arXiv preprint arXiv:2203.09738..

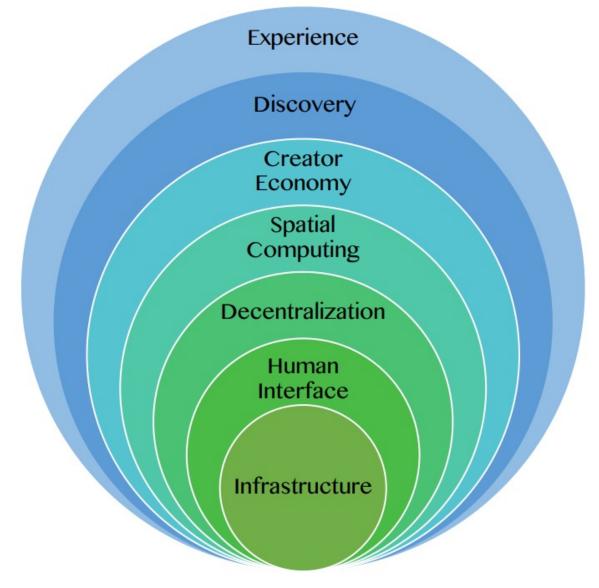
Blockchain

for Key Enabling Technologies of the Metaverse



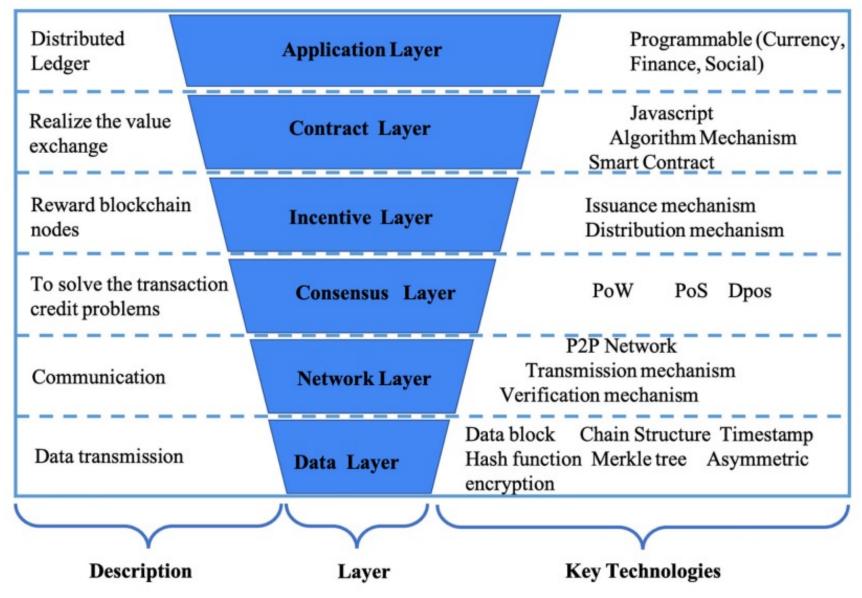
Source: Gadekallu, Thippa Reddy, Thien Huynh-The, Weizheng Wang, Gokul Yenduri, Pasika Ranaweera, Quoc-Viet Pham, Daniel Benevides da Costa, and Madhusanka Liyanage (2022). "Blockchain for the Metaverse: A Review." arXiv preprint arXiv:2203.09738..

Seven Layers of a Metaverse Platform



Source: Huynh-The, Thien, Quoc-Viet Pham, Xuan-Qui Pham, Thanh Thi Nguyen, Zhu Han, and Dong-Seong Kim (2022). "Artificial Intelligence for the Metaverse: A Survey." arXiv preprint arXiv:2202.10336.

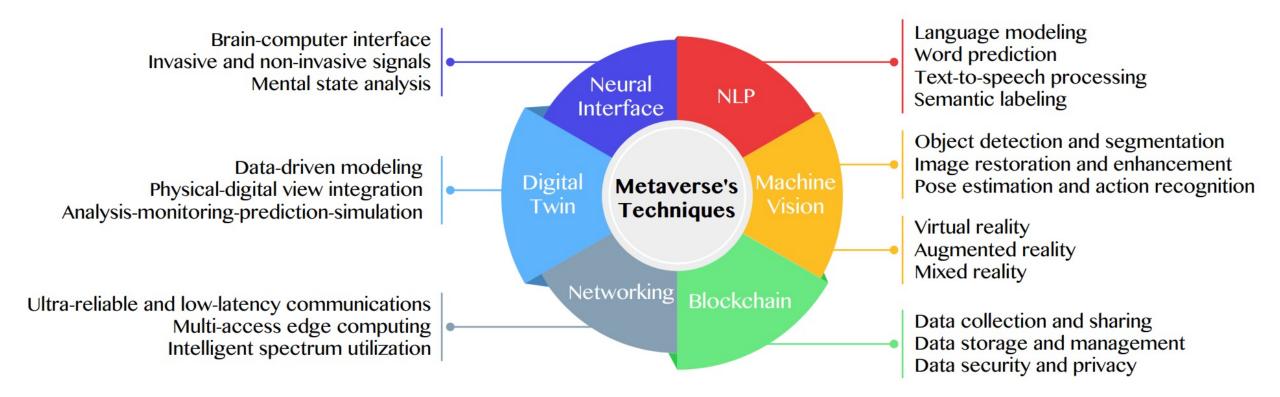
Layered Architecture of Blockchain



Source: Yang, Qinglin, Yetong Zhao, Huawei Huang, Zehui Xiong, Jiawen Kang, and Zibin Zheng (2022). "Fusing blockchain and AI with metaverse: A survey." IEEE Open Journal of the Computer Society 3 : 122-136.

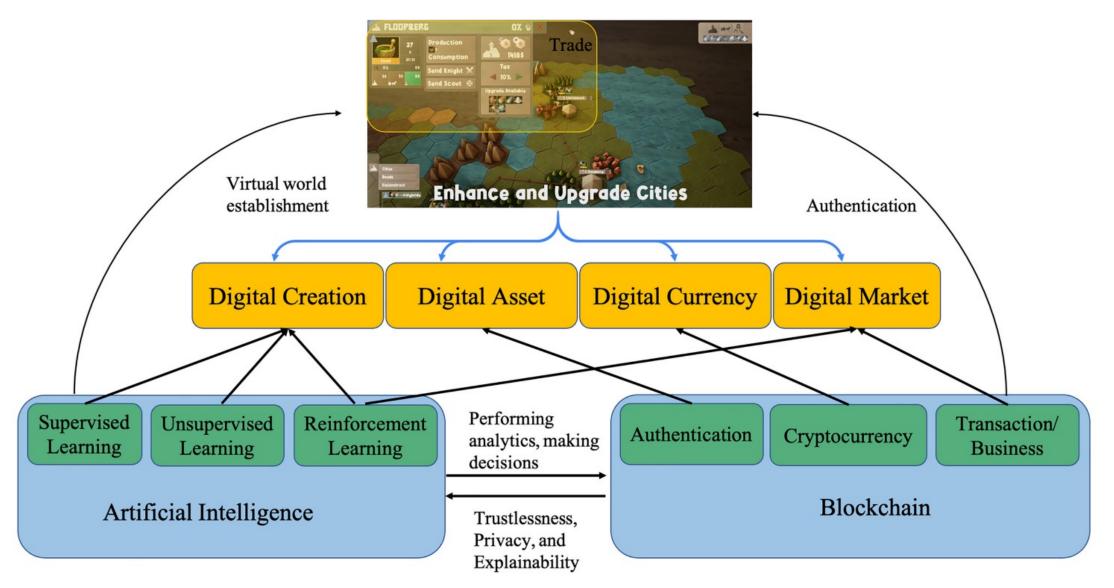
Primary Technical Aspects in the Metaverse

Al with ML algorithms and DL architectures is advancing the user experience in the virtual world



Source: Huynh-The, Thien, Quoc-Viet Pham, Xuan-Qui Pham, Thanh Thi Nguyen, Zhu Han, and Dong-Seong Kim (2022). "Artificial Intelligence for the Metaverse: A Survey." arXiv preprint arXiv:2202.10336.

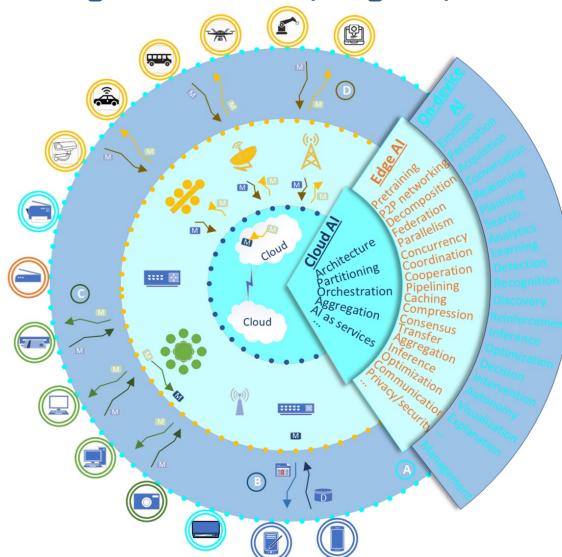
Fusion of AI and Blockchain in Metaverse



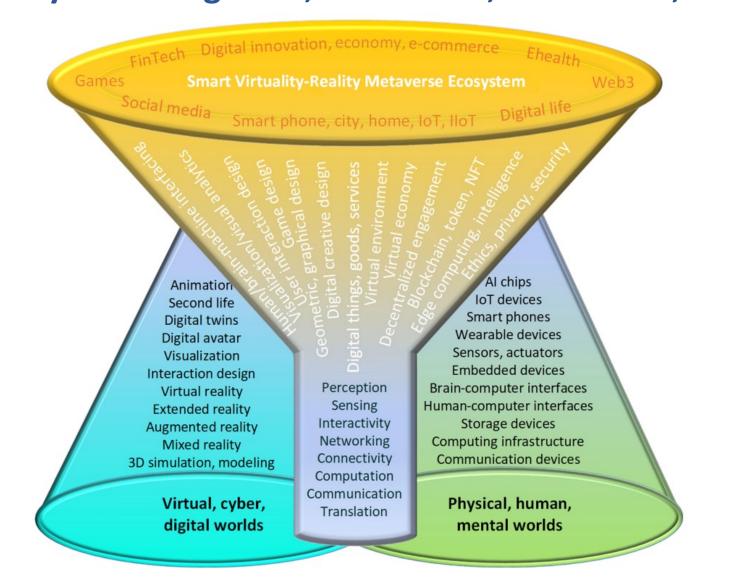
Source: Yang, Qinglin, Yetong Zhao, Huawei Huang, Zehui Xiong, Jiawen Kang, and Zibin Zheng (2022). "Fusing blockchain and AI with metaverse: A survey." IEEE Open Journal of the Computer Society 3 : 122-136.

DeAl:

Synthesizing On-device AI, Edge AI, and Cloud AI



Smart Virtuality-Reality Metaverse Ecosystem: Metasynthesizing DeAl, Metaverse, Blockchain, Web3

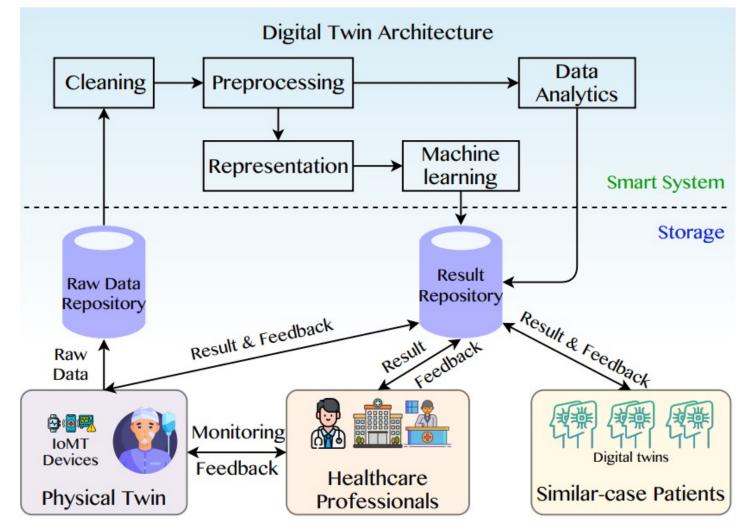


The difference between AR, MR, and VR under the umbrella of XR XR VR MR AR **Extended Reality** Virtual Reality Entire experience **Mixed Reality** spectrum from fully User is completely Augmented Reality virtual to fully real immersed into a virtual Environment aware world Non-environment aware 2D/3D content is overlaid 2D/3D content is overlaid onto the physical space onto the physical space **⊳** P User

Source: Huynh-The, Thien, Quoc-Viet Pham, Xuan-Qui Pham, Thanh Thi Nguyen, Zhu Han, and Dong-Seong Kim (2022). "Artificial Intelligence for the Metaverse: A Survey." arXiv preprint arXiv:2202.10336.

A Data-Driven Digital Twin Architecture

for intelligent healthcare systems using ML to process raw data of IoMedicalThings devices



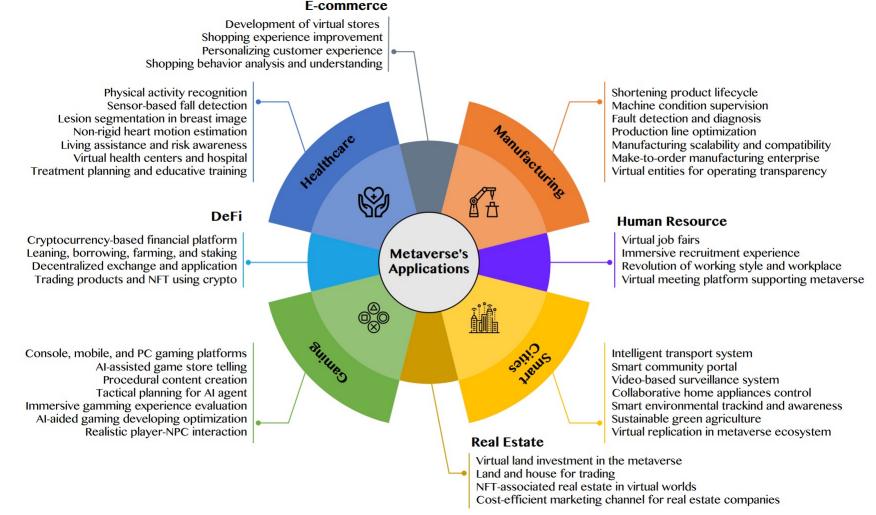
Source: Huynh-The, Thien, Quoc-Viet Pham, Xuan-Qui Pham, Thanh Thi Nguyen, Zhu Han, and Dong-Seong Kim (2022). "Artificial Intelligence for the Metaverse: A Survey." arXiv preprint arXiv:2202.10336.

Al for the Metaverse

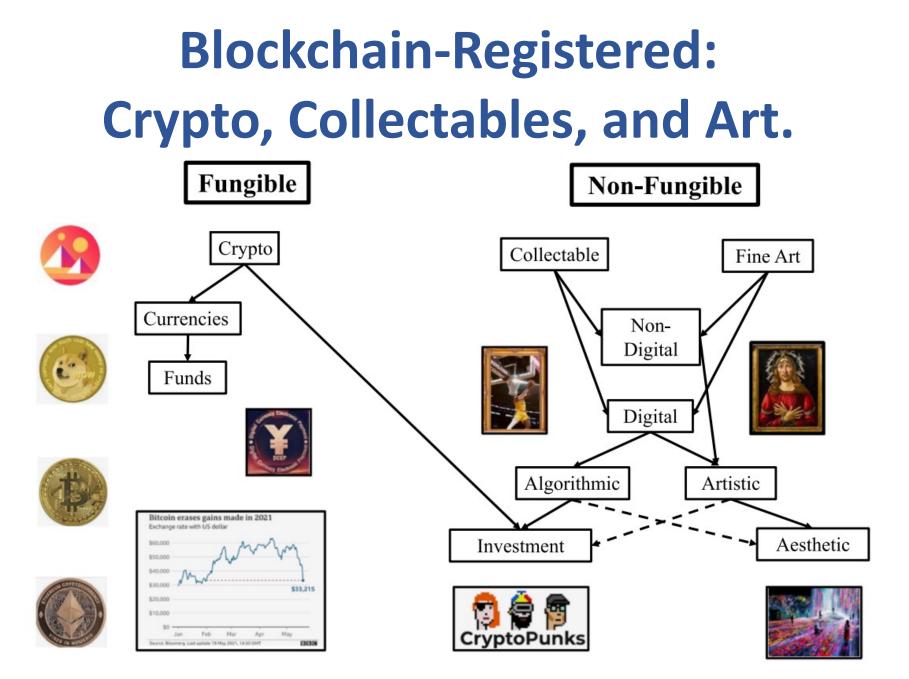
Technical Aspect	Ref	Task	AI Technique
NLP	[20]	Word and linguistic prediction for language modeling.	RNNs and LSTM networks with the attention mechanisms.
	[21]		Advanced memory network with residual connection.
	[24]		Deep networks with gated connection and bi-directional structure.
	[25]	Analyzing and understand the representation of	General deep networks with CNN and LSTM architectures.
		words from characters	
	[27]	Identifying prefixes and suffixes and detecting mis-	DL framework with CNN, Bi-LSTM, and conditional random field.
		spelled words	
	[29]	Sentiment prediction and question type classifica-	Various CNNs and LSTM networks with simple structures and
		tion.	advanced-designed architectures.
[31]	[31]	Generate short text in image captioning and long	DL framework with single RNN/LSTM and mixture LSTM-CNN
		text in virtual question answer.	models.
	[32]	Semantic labeling, context retrieval, and language	Unsupervised and reinforcement learning with common RNN/LSTM
		interpretation.	and CNN models.

Al for the Metaverse in the Application Aspects

healthcare, manufacturing, smart cities, gaming E-commerce, human resources, real estate, and DeFi



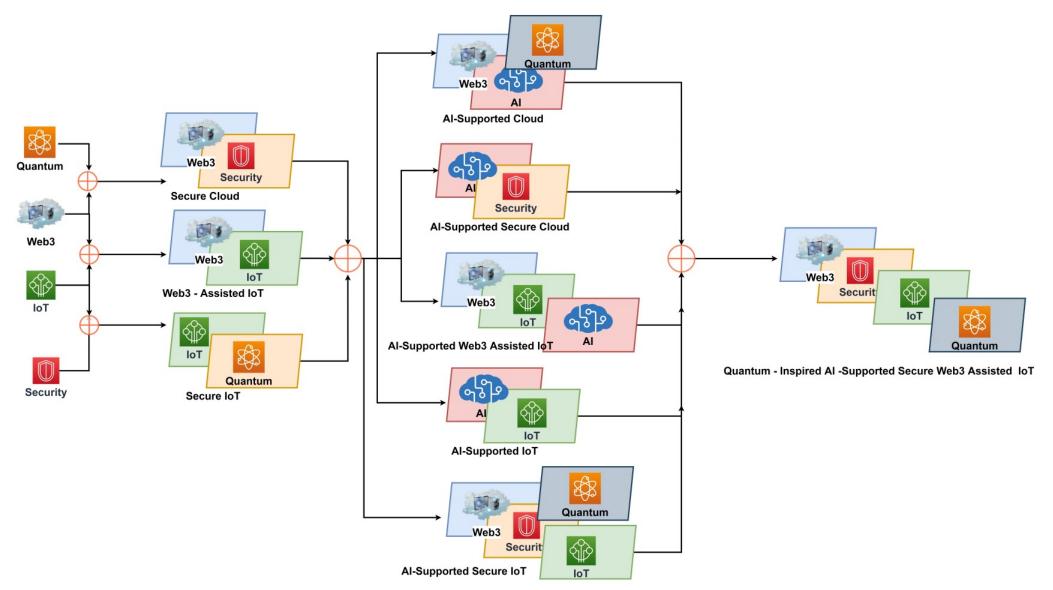
Source: Huynh-The, Thien, Quoc-Viet Pham, Xuan-Qui Pham, Thanh Thi Nguyen, Zhu Han, and Dong-Seong Kim (2022). "Artificial Intelligence for the Metaverse: A Survey." arXiv preprint arXiv:2202.10336.



Source: Belk, Russell, Mariam Humayun, and Myriam Brouard. (2022)

"Money, possessions, and ownership in the Metaverse: NFTs, cryptocurrencies, Web3 and Wild Markets." Journal of Business Research 153: 198-205.

Combination of Web3 with other Technologies



Source: Sheridan, Dan, James Harris, Frank Wear, Jerry Cowell Jr, Easton Wong, and Abbas Yazdinejad. (2022) "Web3 Challenges and Opportunities for the Market." arXiv preprint arXiv:2209.02446.

FinTech

Financial Technology FinTech

"providing financial services by making use of software and modern technology"

Financial

Technology

Financial

Services

FinTech: Financial Services Innovation

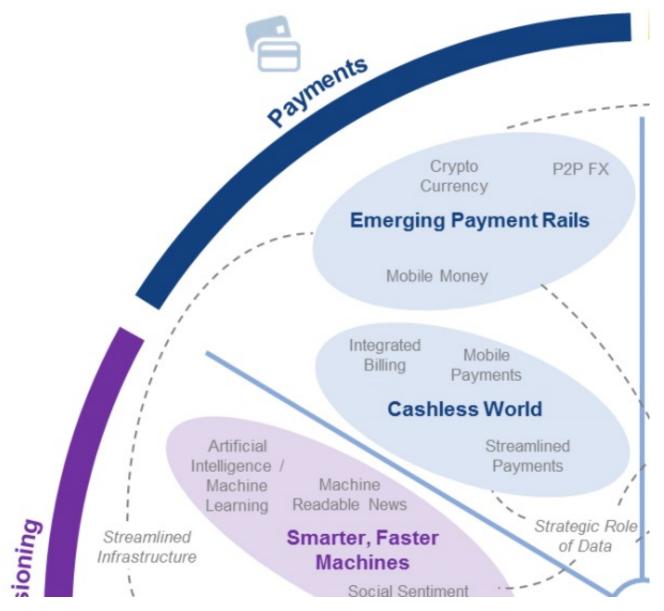


FinTech:

Financial Services Innovation

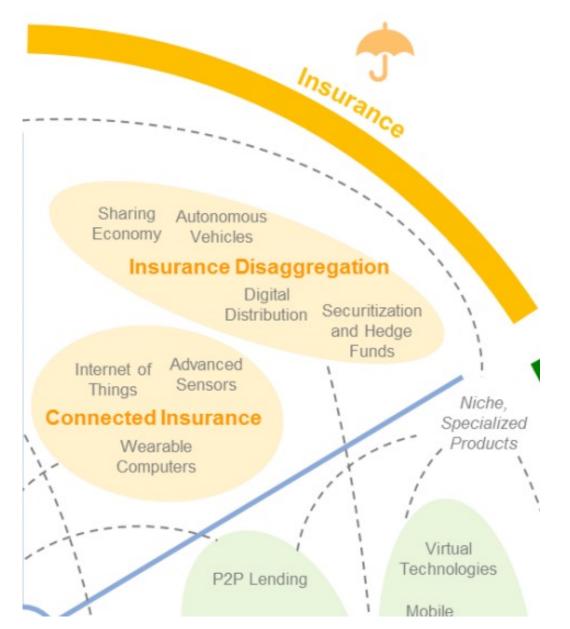
1. Payments 2. Insurance 3. Deposits & Lending 4. Capital Raising **5. Investment Management** 6. Market Provisioning

FinTech: Payment

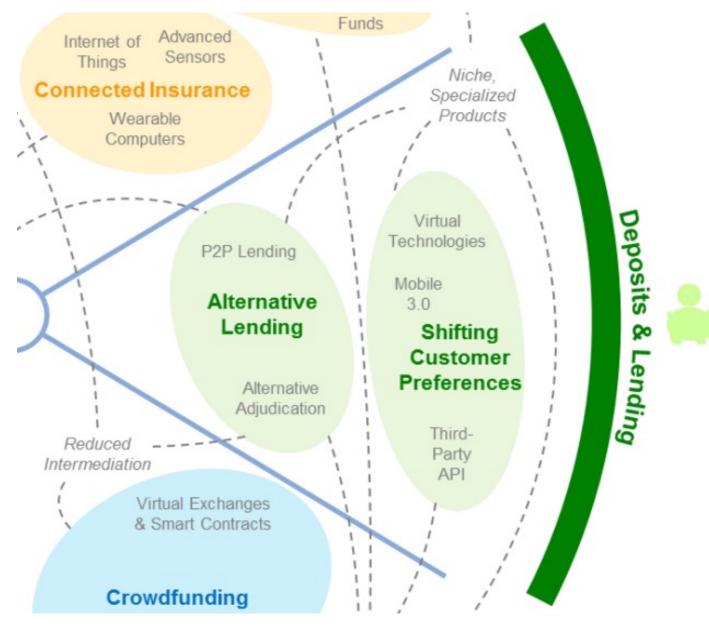


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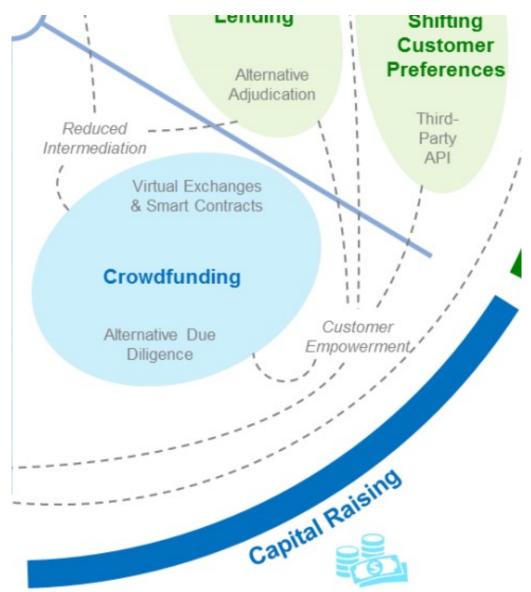
FinTech: Insurance



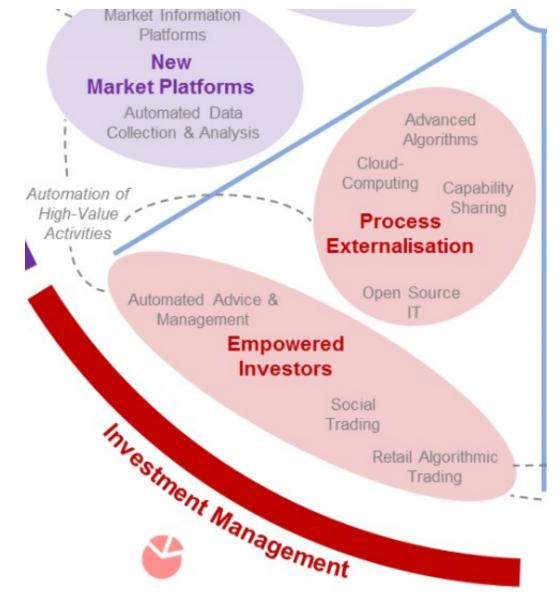
FinTech: Deposits & Lending



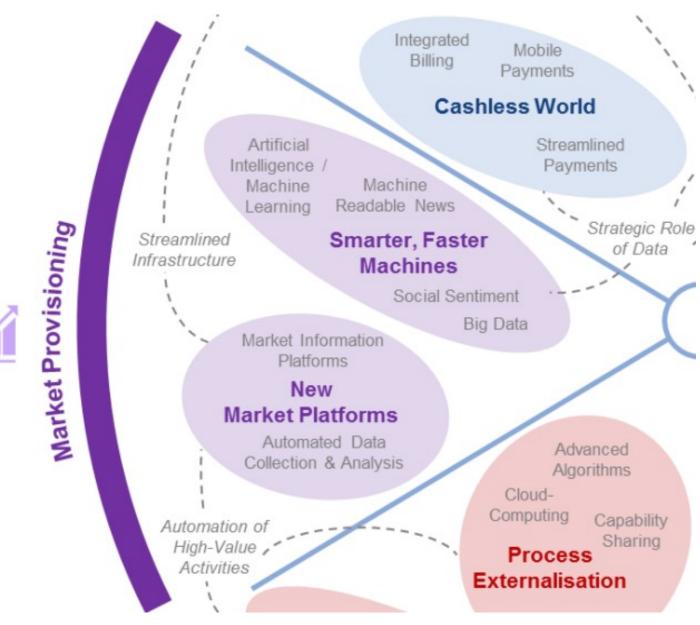
FinTech: Capital Raising



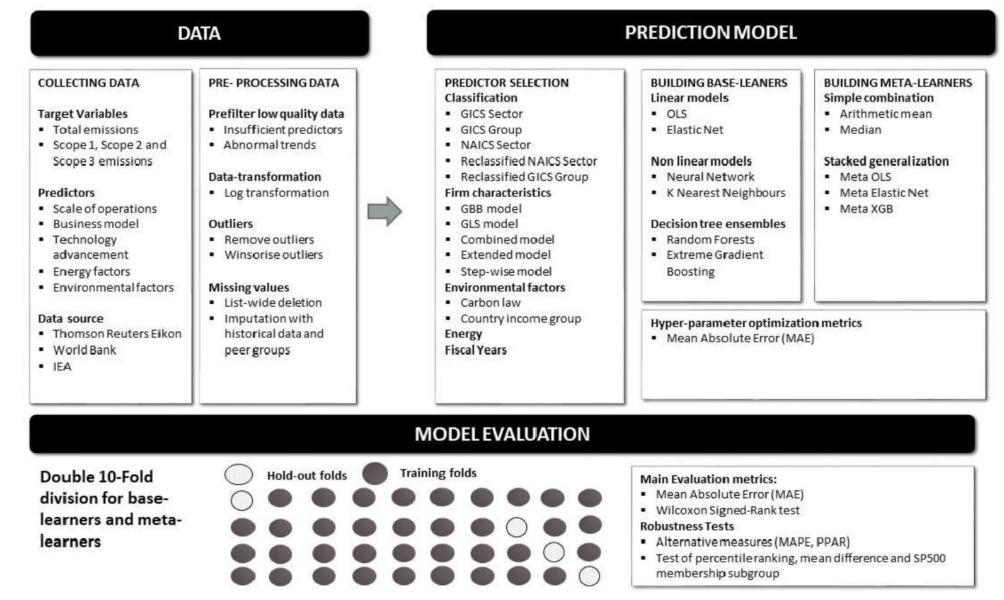
G FinTech: Investment Management



FinTech: Market Provisioning



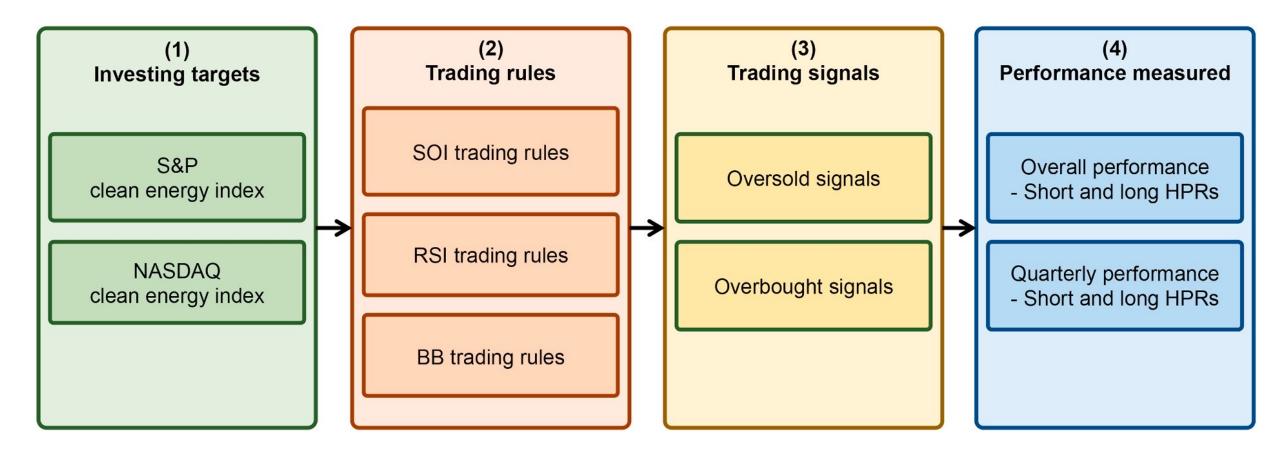
Modelling Strategy to Forecast Carbon Emissions with Al



Source: Brière, M., Keip, M., & Le Berthe, T. (2022). Artificial Intelligence for Sustainable Finance: Why it May Help. Available at SSRN 4252329.

Research Framework

Do clean energy indices outperform using contrarian strategies



Artificial Intelligence for Sustainable Finance

• Why AI may help sustainable finance?

• Brière, M., Keip, M., & Le Berthe, T. (2022). Artificial Intelligence for Sustainable Finance: Why it May Help. Available at SSRN 4252329.

• How does artificial intelligence boost sustainable development?

• Schoormann, T., Strobel, G., Möller, F., Petrik, D., & Zschech, P. (2023). Artificial Intelligence for Sustainability—A Systematic Review of Information Systems Literature. Communications of the Association for Information Systems, 52(1), 8.

• Does sustainability generate better financial performance?

 Atz, U., Van Holt, T., Liu, Z. Z., & Bruno, C. C. (2023). Does sustainability generate better financial performance? review, meta-analysis, and propositions. Journal of Sustainable Finance & Investment, 13(1), 802-825.

• What are the major research topics in AI for Sustainable finance?

 Kumar, S., Sharma, D., Rao, S., Lim, W. M., & Mangla, S. K. (2022). Past, present, and future of sustainable finance: Insights from big data analytics through machine learning of scholarly research. Annals of Operations Research, 1-44.

Decentralized Finance (DeFi) **Block Chain FinTech**

Decentralized Finance (DeFi)

- A global, open alternative to the current financial system.
- Products that let you borrow, save, invest, trade, and more.
- Based on open-source technology that anyone can program with.

Traditional Finance Centralized Finance (CeFi)

- Some people aren't granted access to set up a bank account or use financial services.
- Lack of access to financial services can prevent people from being employable.
- Financial services can block you from getting paid.
- A hidden charge of financial services is your personal data.
- Governments and centralized institutions can close down markets at will.
- Trading hours often limited to business hours of specific time zone.
- Money transfers can take days due to internal human processes.
- There's a premium to financial services because intermediary institutions need their cut.

DeFi vs. CeFi

Decentralized Finance (DeFi)

You hold your money.

You control where your money goes and how it's spent.

Transfers of funds happen in minutes.

Transaction activity is pseudonymous.

DeFi is open to anyone.

The markets are always open.

It's built on transparency – anyone can look at a product's data and inspect how the system works.

Traditional Finance (Centralized Finance; CeFi)

Your money is held by companies.

You have to trust companies not to mismanage your money, like lend to risky borrowers.

Payments can take days due to manual processes.

Financial activity is tightly coupled with your identity.

You must apply to use financial services.

Markets close because employees need breaks.

Financial institutions are closed books: you can't ask to see their loan history, a record of their managed assets, and so on.

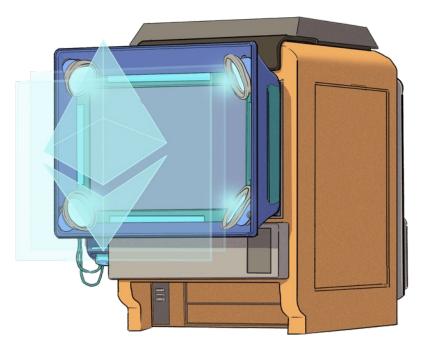
(DeFi)

Decentralized Applications (Dapps)

- Ethereum-powered tools and services
- Dapps are a growing movement of applications that use Ethereum to disrupt business models or invent new ones

The Internet of Assets

- Ethereum isn't just for digital money.
- Anything you can own can be represented, traded and put to use as non-fungible tokens (NFTs).





Source: Matt Fortnow and QuHarrison Terry (2021), The NFT Handbook - How to Create, Sell and Buy Non-Fungible Tokens, Wiley

Financial Stability Challenges

Crypto Ecosystem	 Operational, cyber, and governance risks Integrity (market and AML/CFT) (Anti–Money Laundering / Combating the Financing of Terrorism) Data availability / reliability Challenges from cross-boarder activites
Stablecoins	 How stable are stablecoins? Domestic and global regulatory and supervisory approaches
Macro- Financial	 Cryptoization, capital flows, and restrictions Monetary policy transmission Bank disintermediation

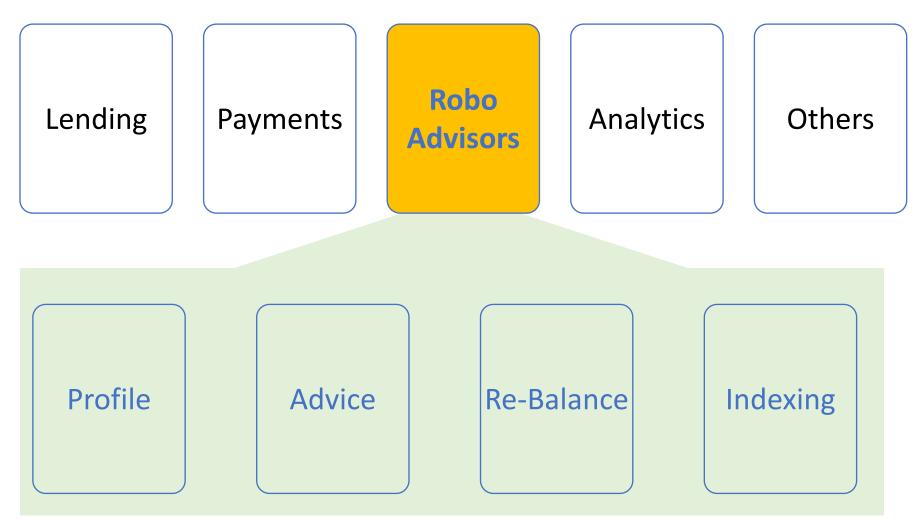
Source: Parma Bains, Mohamed Diaby, Dimitris Drakopoulos, Julia Faltermeier, Federico Grinberg, Evan Papageorgiou, Dmitri Petrov, Patrick Schneider, and Nobu Sugimoto (2021), The Crypto Ecosystem and Financial Stability Challenges, International Monetary Fund, October 2021

Financial

Services

Technology Innovation

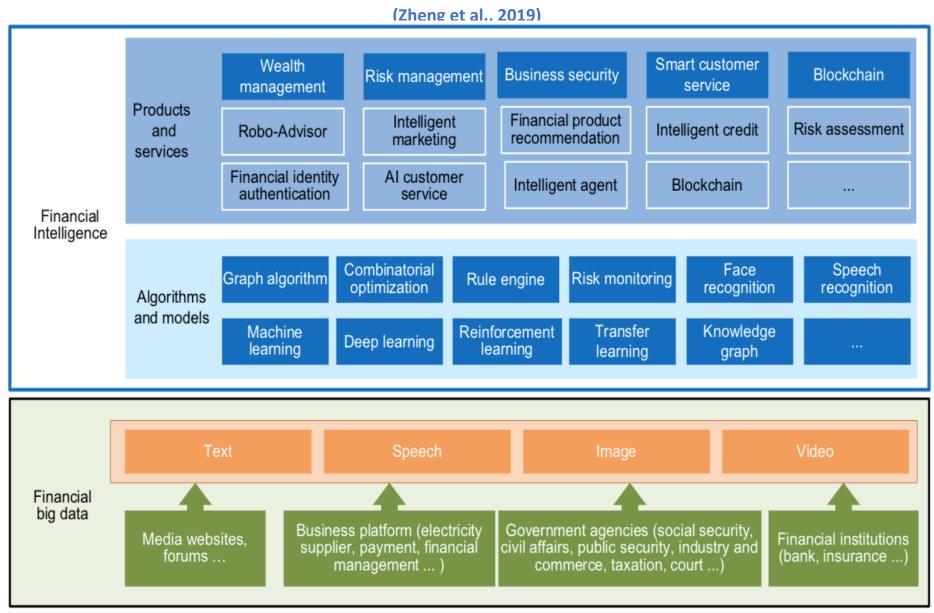
FinTech Innovation FinTech high-level classification



Source: Paolo Sironi (2016), "FinTech Innovation: From Robo-Advisors to Goal Based Investing and Gamification", Wiley.

Technology-driven Financial Industry Development

FinBrain: when Finance meets AI 2.0



Source: Xiao-lin Zheng, Meng-ying Zhu, Qi-bing Li, Chao-chao Chen, and Yan-chao Tan (2019), "Finbrain: When finance meets AI 2.0." Frontiers of Information Technology & Electronic Engineering 20, no. 7, pp. 914-924



a new generation of Al based on the novel information environment of major changes and the development of new goals.

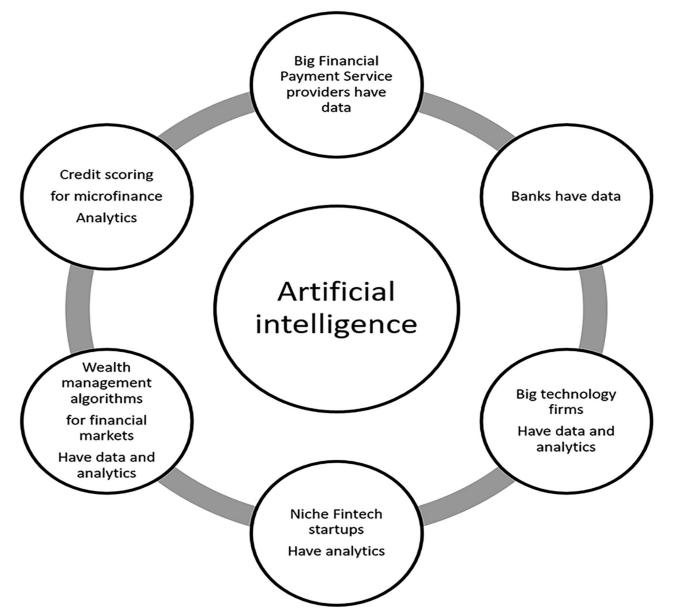
Yunhe Pan (2016), "Heading toward artificial intelligence 2.0." Engineering 2, no. 4, 409-413.

Technology-driven Financial Industry Development

Development stage	Driving technology	Main landscape	Inclusive finance	Relationship between technology and finance
Fintech 1.0 (financial IT)	Computer	Credit card, ATM, and CRMS	Low	Technology as a tool
Fintech 2.0 (Internet finance)	Mobile Internet	Marketplace lending, third-party payment, crowdfunding, and Internet insurance	Medium	Technology- driven change
Fintech 3.0 (financial intelligence)	Al, Big Data, Cloud Computing, Blockchain	Intelligent finance	High	Deep fusion

Source: Xiao-lin Zheng, Meng-ying Zhu, Qi-bing Li, Chao-chao Chen, and Yan-chao Tan (2019), "Finbrain: When finance meets AI 2.0." Frontiers of Information Technology & Electronic Engineering 20, no. 7, pp. 914-924

Artificial Intelligence in the Financial Markets



Green Finance and

Sustainable Finance

Evolution of Sustainable Finance Research



Source: Kumar, S., Sharma, D., Rao, S., Lim, W. M., & Mangla, S. K. (2022). Past, present, and future of sustainable finance: Insights from big data analytics through machine learning of scholarly research. Annals of Operations Research, 1-44.

Al for Environmental, Social, and Governance (AI4ESG)

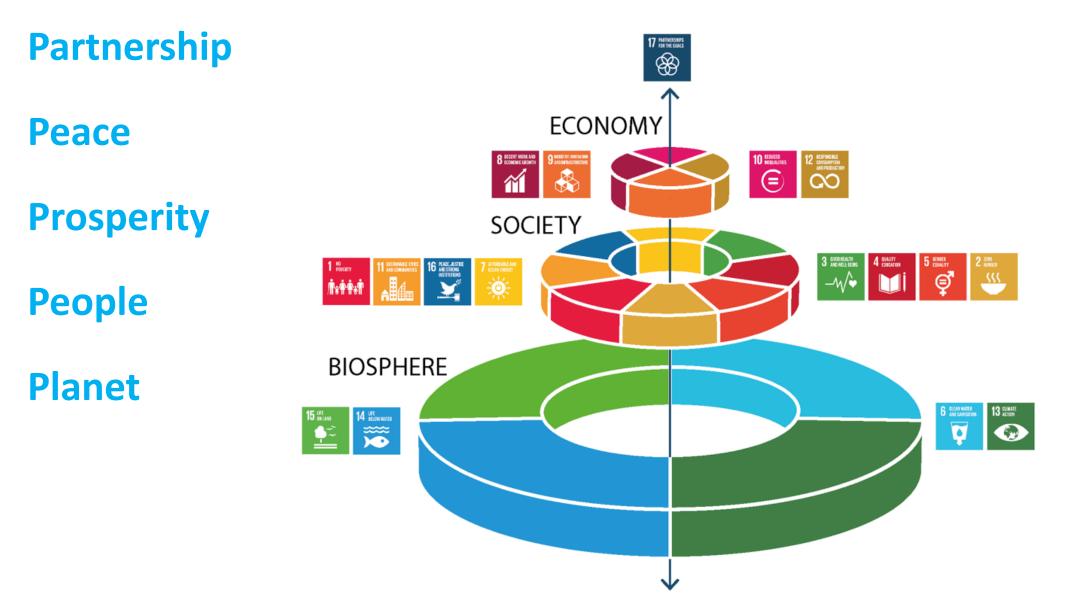
Source: Nenad Tomašev, Julien Cornebise, Frank Hutter, Shakir Mohamed, Angela Picciariello, Bec Connelly, Danielle Belgrave et al. (2020) "AI for social good: unlocking the opportunity for positive impact." Nature Communications 11, no. 1: 1-6.



Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs)



Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs) and 5P



Green Finance Generic term implying use or diversion of financial resources to deploy and support projects with long term positive impact on the environment

Sustainable Finance Finances

deployed in support of projects that ensure just, sustainable and inclusive growth or attainment of one or more sustainable development goals

Carbon Finance Financial instruments based on economic value of carbon emissions which an organization cannot avoid but which it offsets by funding other compensatory projects that contribute to carbon emissions reduction

Climate Finance

Finances deployed in support of low carbon and climate resilient projects that help in climate change mitigation and adaptation efforts, particularly in the energy and infrastructure sectors

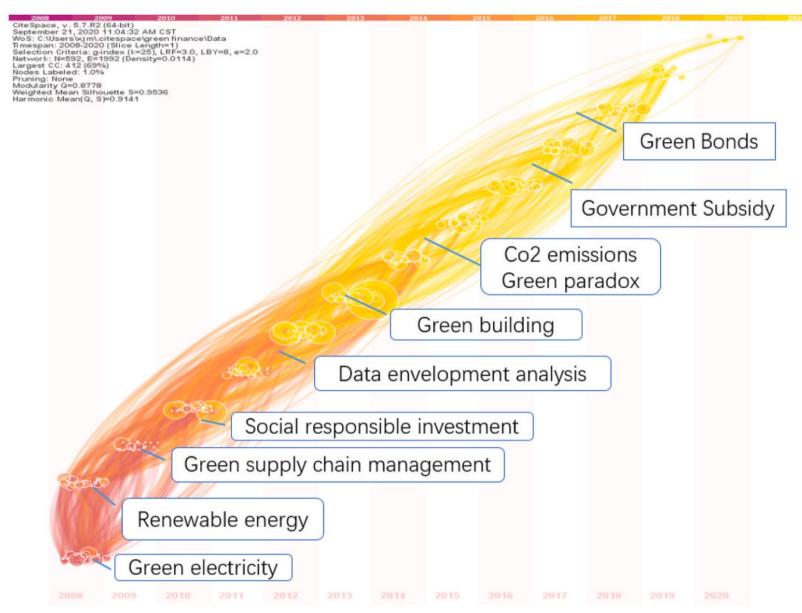
ESG Investing

Investments considering the broad range of environmental (e.g. climate change, pollution biodiversity loss), social (e.g. working conditions, human rights, salary or compensation structures) and governance (e.g. board composition, diversity and inclusion, taxes) characteristics of the projects or companies being invested in; ethical and business sustainability considerations are integral part of financing

Impact Investing

Investing in projects that solve a social or environmental problem; the focus is on the positive impact rather than the means used to produce that impact

Dynamic Trends of Green Finance and Energy Policy



Source: Wang, Moran, Xuerong Li, and Shouyang Wang. (2021) "Discovering research trends and opportunities of green finance and energy policy: A data-driven scientometric analysis." Energy Policy 154 (2021): 112295.

AI and Sustainability Development Goals (SDGs)

	2	2 12														2 22	
SDGs	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
	No poverty	Zero hunger	Good health and well- being	Quality education	Gender equality	Clean water and sanitation	Affordable and clean energy	Decent work and economic growth	Industry, innovation and infrastructure	Reduces inequalities	Sustainable cities and communities	Responsible consumption and production	Climate action	Life below water	Life on land	Peace, justice and strong institutions	Partnerships for the goals
Economic								•	•	•	0						•
Ecological		0					0				0	0	•	•	•		
Social	•	•	•	•	•	•	•				•	•				•	
Positive impact of Al*	100%	76%	69%	10%0	56%	100%	100%	92%	100%	90%	100%	82%	80%	90%	100%	58%	26%
	lote: ● adopted from Vinuesa et al. (2020), ○ added based on our analysis. The assessment of Al's possible positive impact is based on a consensus-based expert elicitation process (Vinuesa et al., 2020).																

Source: Schoormann, T., Strobel, G., Möller, F., Petrik, D., & Zschech, P. (2023).

Artificial Intelligence for Sustainability—A Systematic Review of Information Systems Literature. Communications of the Association for Information Systems, 52(1), 8.

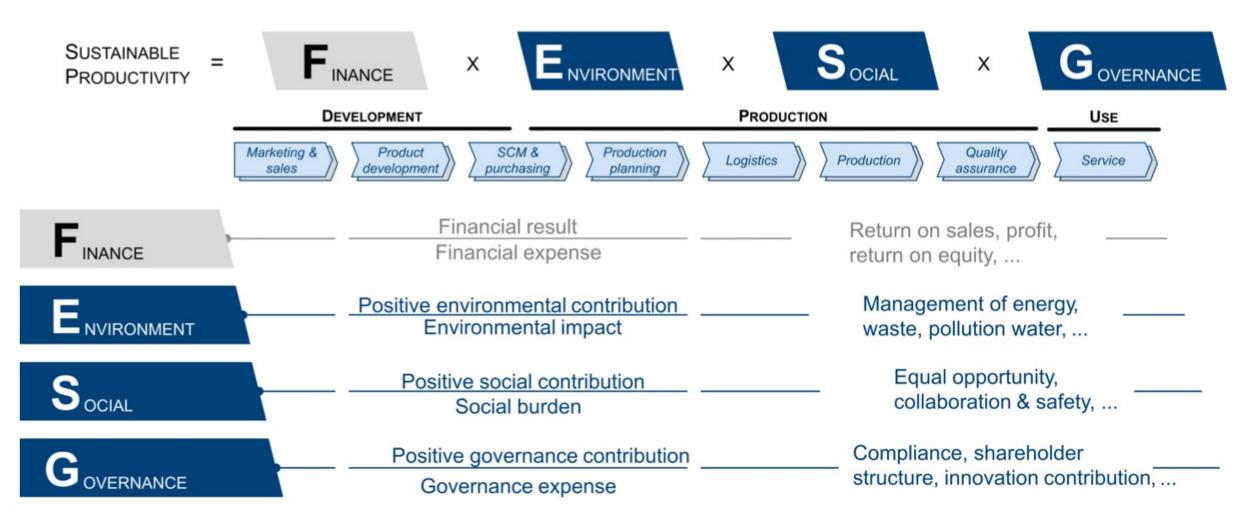
Al for Sustainability

Dimension	Code characteristics										
Primary objective ¹	Develop new (A methods (11/9	/	Compare (AI) methods (39/95)		Apply (AI) methods (53/95)		Develop new system (20/95)			Other objective (4/95)	
Sustainability dimension	Economi	c (23/95	(23/95)		Ecological (17/95)			Sor		cial <i>(72/95)</i>	
Sustainable Development	SDG 1 <i>(0/95)</i>		SDG 2 (2/95)		DG 3 55/95)	SDG 4 (6/95)		SDG 5 <i>(0/95)</i>		SDG 6 <i>(0/</i> 95)	
Goals (SDGs)	SDG 7 (9/95)		SDG 8 (7/95)		SDG 9 <i>(8/95)</i>		SDG 10 <i>(1/95)</i>		11 5)	SDG 12 (8/95)	
	SDG 13 <i>(2/95)</i>		SDG 14 (0/95)		SDG 15 (2/95)			SDG 16 (11/95)		SDG 17 (0/95)	
Data source	Reviews <i>(12/95)</i>		Social media/ Online forums <i>(31/95)</i>			Health records (21/95)		vironment/ Weather <i>(10/95)</i>		Energy <i>(5/95)</i>	
Data source plurality	Single source (50/95)			Multiple sources (44/95)			95)	N/A (1/95)			
Data sensitivity	Publicly available data (64/95)			nal data (16/95) Othe			er <i>(11/</i> §	er <i>(11/</i> 95)		N/A (9/95)	
Manual labeling						No (63	3/95)				
Technology	ML (91/95) N			ILP (42/95) C ¹			/ (12/9	/ (12/95) Other (21/95)			
Type of learning for ML approach	Supe	15/95) Unsupervised le					arning	arning (23/95)			
Neural vs. non-neural	Non-neural <i>(45/95)</i>			Neural (50/95)				Deep learning (38/95)			
Evaluation	Technical evaluation (83				83/95) Do			omain evaluation (25/95)			
Paradigm	DSR/ADR (30/95)					Non-DSR/ADR (64/95)			4/95)		
					0	-9 1	0-29	30-54	5	5-69	70-95

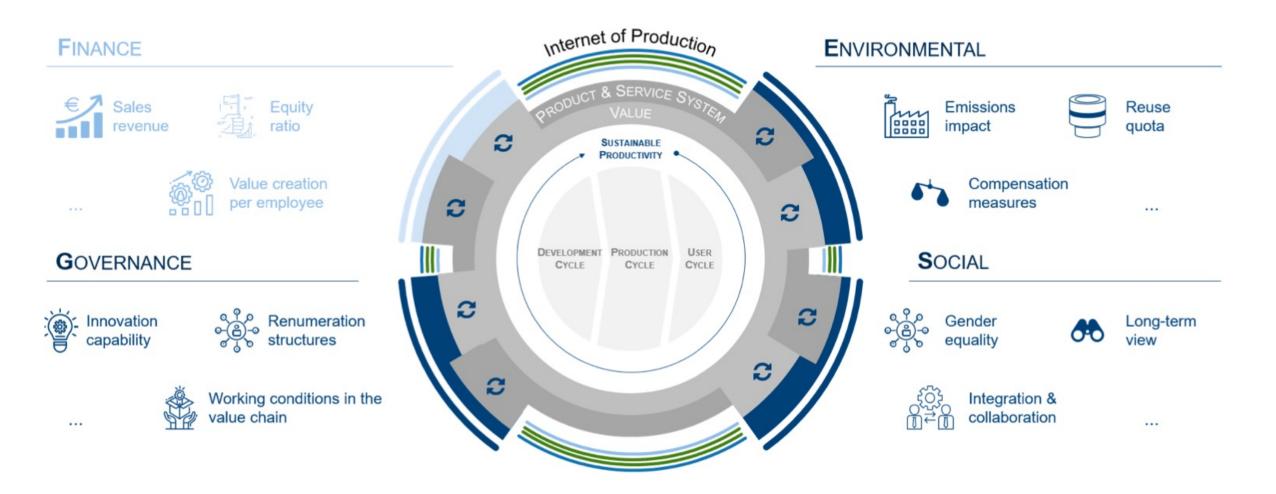
Source: Schoormann, T., Strobel, G., Möller, F., Petrik, D., & Zschech, P. (2023).

Artificial Intelligence for Sustainability—A Systematic Review of Information Systems Literature. Communications of the Association for Information Systems, 52(1), 8.

Sustainable Productivity: Finance ESG



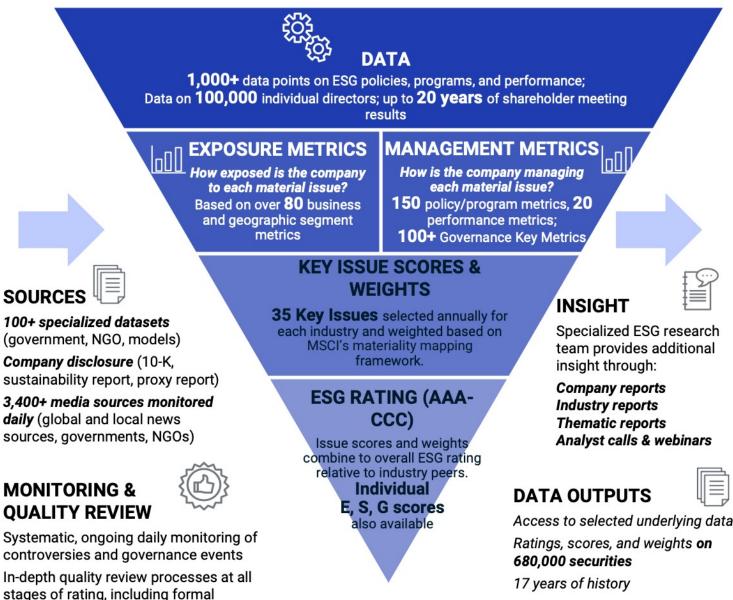
Sustainable Resilient Manufacturing ESG



ESG Indexes

- •MSCI ESG Index
- Dow Jones Sustainability Indices (DJSI)
- •FTSE ESG Index

MSCI ESG Rating Framework



Source: https://www.msci.com/documents/1296102/21901542/ESG-Ratings-Methodology-Exec-Summary.pdf

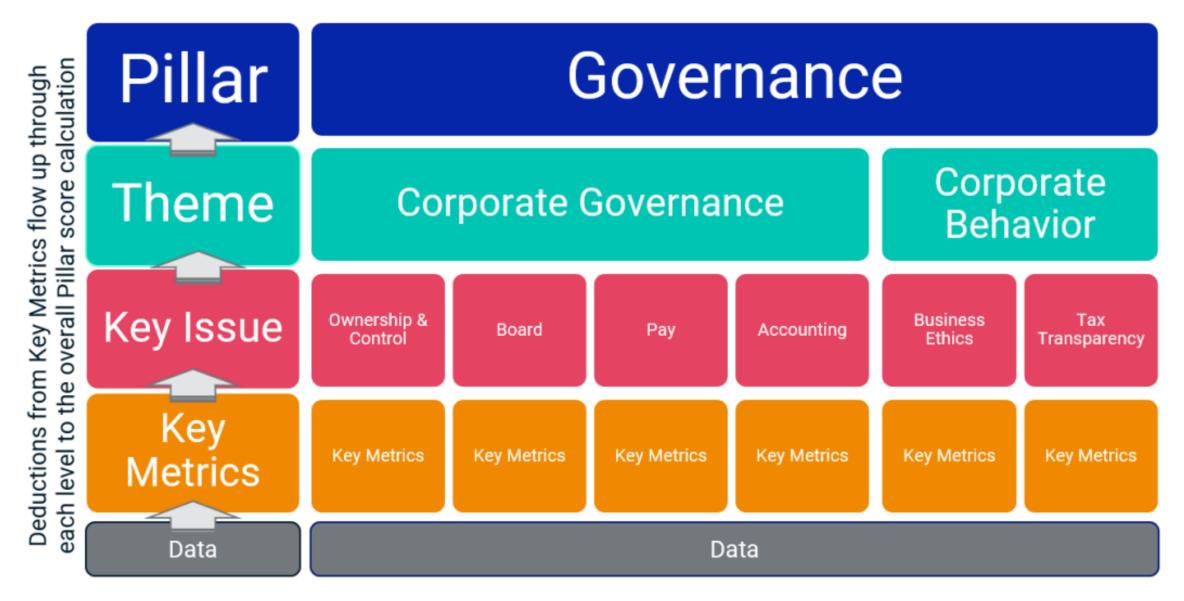
committee review

MSCI ESG Key Issue Hierarchy

3 Pillars	10 Themes	35 ESG Key Issues	
Environment	Climate Change	Carbon Emissions	Financing Environmental Impact
		Product Carbon Footprint	Climate Change Vulnerability
	Natural Capital	Water Stress	Raw Material Sourcing
		Biodiversity & Land Use	
	Pollution &	Toxic Emissions & Waste	Electronic Waste
	Waste	Packaging Material & Waste	
	Environmental	Opportunities in Clean Tech	Opportunities in Renewable
	Opportunities	Opportunities in Green Building	Energy
Social	Human Capital	Labor Management	Human Capital Development
		Health & Safety	Supply Chain Labor Standards
	Product Liability	Product Safety & Quality	Privacy & Data Security
		Chemical Safety	Responsible Investment
		Consumer Financial Protection	Health & Demographic Risk
	Stakeholder	Controversial Sourcing	
	Opposition	Community Relations	
	Social	Access to Communications	Access to Health Care
	Opportunities	Access to Finance	Opportunities in Nutrition & Health
Governance	Corporate	Ownership & Control	Рау
	Governance	Board	Accounting
	Corporate	Business Ethics	
	Behavior	Tax Transparency	

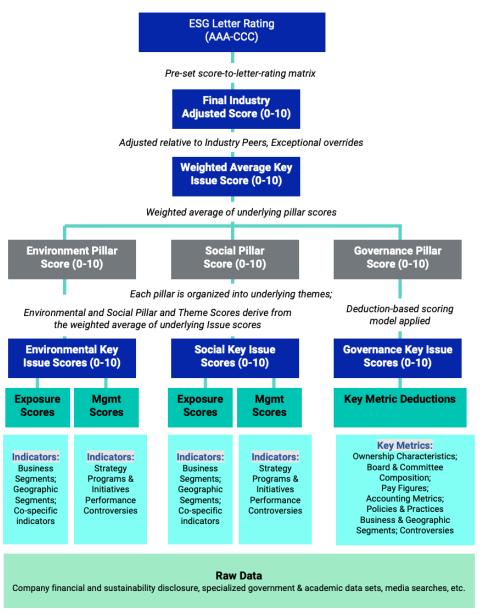
Source: https://www.msci.com/documents/1296102/21901542/ESG-Ratings-Methodology-Exec-Summary.pdf

MSCI Governance Model Structure

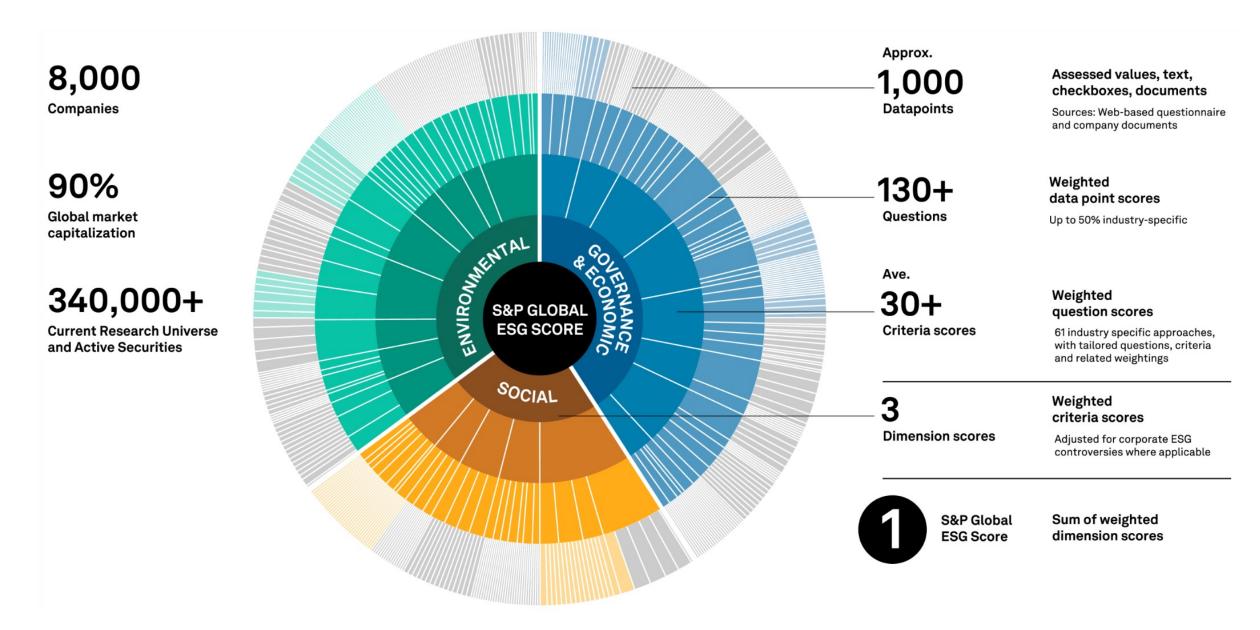


Source: https://www.msci.com/documents/1296102/21901542/ESG-Ratings-Methodology-Exec-Summary.pdf

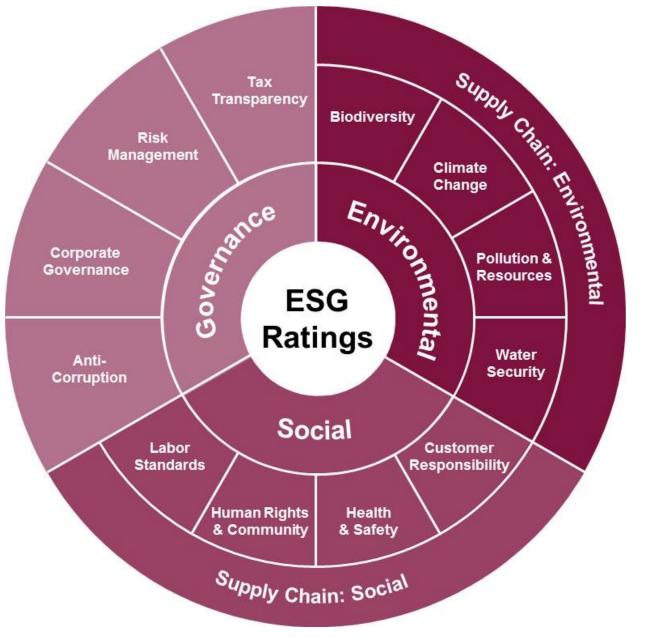
MSCI Hierarchy of ESG Scores



DJSI S&P Global ESG Score



FTSE Russell ESG Ratings





Analyst-based approach

a Morningstar company

ESG Risk Ratings

Sustainalytics

Sustainalytics' ESG Risk Ratings measure a company's exposure to industry-specific material ESG risks and how well a company is managing those risks.

Negligible	Low	Medium	High	Severe
0 - 10	10 - 20	20 - 30	30 - 40	40+

TruValue Labs

Truvalue ESG Ranks

Machine-based approach

- Truvalue Labs applies AI to analyze over 100,000 sources and uncover ESG risks and opportunities hidden in unstructured text.
- The ESG Ranks data service produces an overall company rank based on industry percentile leveraging the 26 ESG categories defined by the Sustainability Accounting Standards Board (SASB).
- The data feed covers 20,000+ companies with more than 13 years of history.

Laggard	Below Average	Average	Above Average	Leader
<				\rightarrow

Analyst-driven vs. Al-driven ESG

Analyst-driven ESG research

Derives ratings in a structured data model



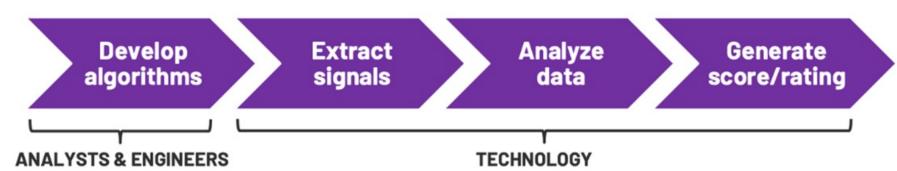
Analyst role at the end of the process allows subjectivity to color results

Al-driven ESG research

Derives signals from unstructured data



Sustainalytics



Analyst expertise at the beginning of the process produces consistent results

Source: Mark Tulay (2020), Man vs. machine: A tale of two sustainability ratings systems, GreenBiz, https://www.greenbiz.com/article/man-vs-machine-tale-two-sustainability-ratings-systems

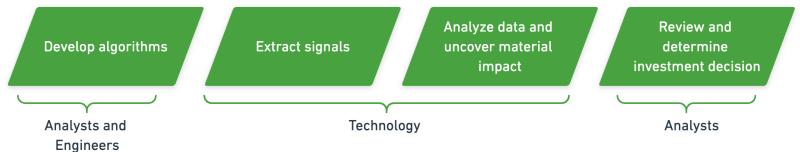
Analyst based ESG Research

AI based ESG Research

Analyst Based ESG Research



Applying AI to ESG Research



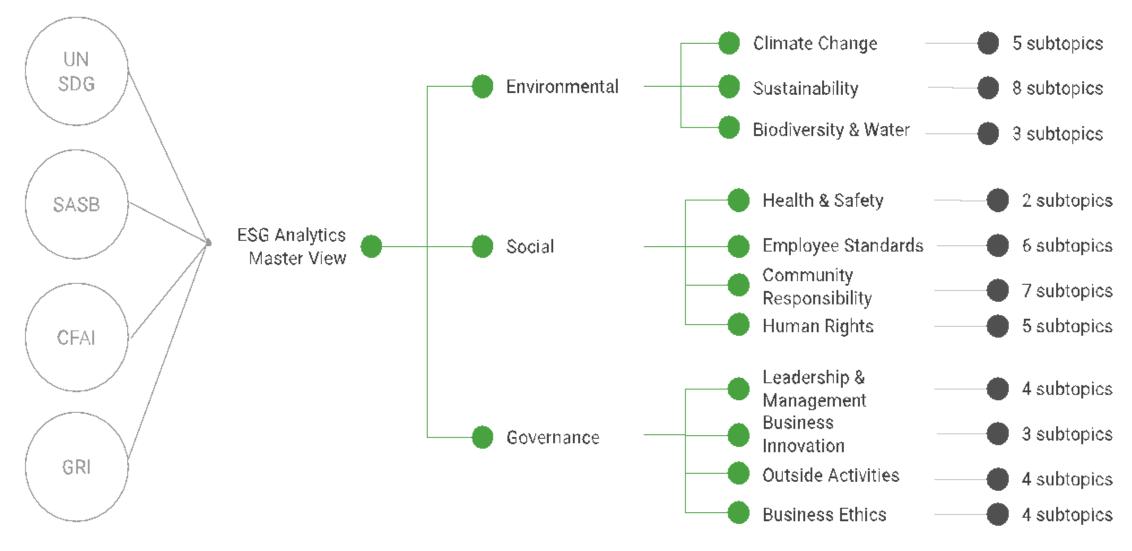
It would take an analyst over 5 years to do what our AI can in 1 week

Combining analysts with AI creates gives you the full picture





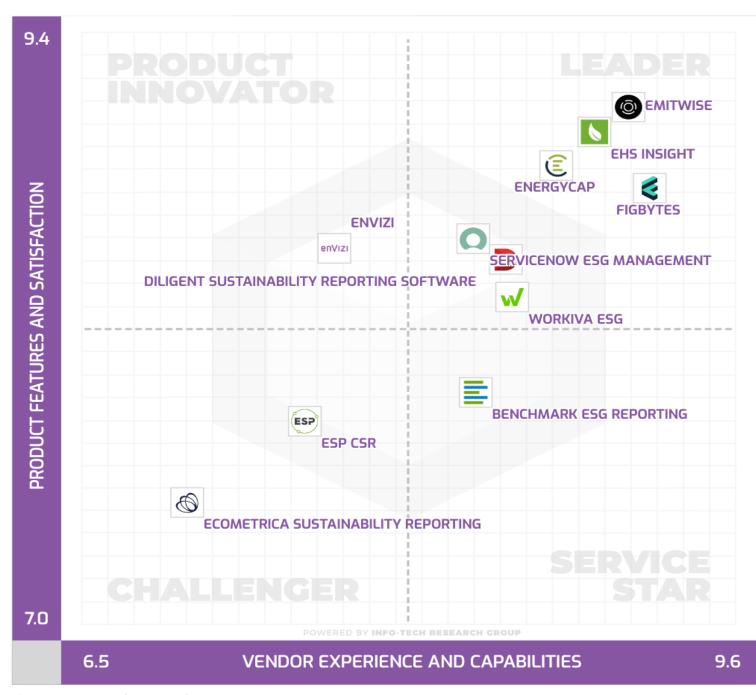
ESG Analytics: NLP Taxonomy





Top ESG Reporting Software

Environmental, Social and Governance (ESG) Reporting software or Sustainability software helps organizations manage their operational data, evaluate their impact on the environment and provide reporting to perform audits.



Source: https://www.softwarereviews.com/categories/environmental-social-and-governance-reporting

ESG Reporting Software: Emitwise

- Emitwise is the carbon management platform for companies with complex manufacturing supply chains to confidently understand, track and reduce their complete carbon footprint.
- Combining 100 years of carbon accounting experience and machine learning technology, we accelerate climate action by increasing the accuracy of scope 3 emissions.
- The platform empowers manufacturers and their supply chains to make carbon-led business decisions that lower risk, increase profitability and deliver ambitious climate action.



ESG Reporting Software: Workiva ESG

- Workiva is a cloud native platform that simplifies the complexities of reporting and compliance.
- Workiva ESG is the end-to-end platform that allows you to integrate financial data, nonfinancial data, and XBRL.
- Workiva, the platform that streamlines your entire ESG process.
- Automate data collection, utilize frameworks, and directly connect to all your ESG reports. in meaningful glossy reports, accurate survey responses, and regulatory filings with integrated XBRL tagging.



Source: https://www.softwarereviews.com/categories/environmental-social-and-governance-reporting

Financial Technology (Fintech) Categories

- 1. Banking Infrastructure
- 2. Business Lending
- 3. Consumer and Commercial Banking
- 4. Consumer Lending
- 5. Consumer Payments
- 6. Crowdfunding
- 7. Equity Financing
- 8. Financial Research and Data

- 9. Financial Transaction Security
- **10. Institutional Investing**
- **11. International Money Transfer**
- **12. Payments Backend and Infrastructure**
- **13. Personal Finance**
- **14. Point of Sale Payments**
- **15. Retail Investing**
- **16. Small and Medium Business Tools**

Summary

- Web 3.0
- Big Data Analysis
- Fintech
- Green and Sustainable Finance

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